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C. D. BRIGHAM.....EDITOR.
R. D. THOMPSON.....BUSINESS MANAGER.
TERMS OF THE DAILY:
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City, payable to the carrier, by the week.....25
Transient Advertising.
TEN CENTS A LINE FOR EACH INSERTION.
Under head of City Items, per line.....20 cts.
Displayed advertisements charged at the above rates in proportion to the amount of space occupied.
Address, THE COMMERCIAL, PITTSBURGH.

Gold Closed in New York Last Evening at 135

The Daily Commercial

## CITY ITEMS.

**Boarding.**

A gentleman wishes to obtain a room and board in this city or in Allegheny. Address B. F., *Commercial*.

**Wines and Liquors**

Of the choicest brands, for medicinal purposes, at Fleming's Drug Store, No 84 Market street.

**Elegant Furniture, Piano, &c,**

I auction, this morning at 10 o'clock, at 52 Ferry st. T. A. McClelland, Auctioneer.

**Boots and Shoes**

Prime, desirable and seasonable goods at private sale, at McClelland's auction house, 55 Fifth street.

**Beauty and Comfort.**

The new patent hat, which fits the head so nicely, pressing equally all round the head, may be had at the first-class hat and cap store of Wm. Fleming, No. 139 Wood street. Also, all the new styles of gents' fine silk, gents' fine French felt, men's, boys' and children's straw goods. Ladies' and misses' hat goods, at this house, and at prices to suit the times.

**Clergymen's Expressions.**

The Steinway Piano I purchased of you in 1859, gives us the most unalloyed satisfaction. For volume, sweetness and brilliancy of tone I have never heard its superior, and I believe it must become the most popular instrument of the day.

REV. J. MCMILLAN.

The quality of tone of Steinway's Piano approximates more closely the tenderness and sweetness of the human voice than any instrument I have heard. I have placed two of them under six hours' hard practice, each, daily, and they maintain their freshness and purity of tone in a remarkable manner.

GEORGE N. RIDER, Rector.

The above letters are addressed to the Messrs. H. Kleber & Bro., of this city.

**Books.**

The Book Publishers' Presentation Depot, recently opened at 74 Fifth street, opposite the Postoffice, is doing a large and increasing business; so we should judge by the rush of customers, and the piles of books and variety of valuable presents they carry away with them. The system as conducted in this establishment is entirely different from any thing of the kind before in the city, and the class of presents dispensed so liberally among the customers is of a superior and different character from any establishment ever opened in this city. Every book is sold at the regular publisher's price, and accompanied with a present. At the store you can select from a large stock of books in every department of literature. Now is the time to fill libraries. Call and examine their stock of photograph albums; they are superb. Remember the location, No. 74 Fifth street, Pittsburgh, opposite the Postoffice.

HARPER FOR JUNE.—MINER has received Harper for June. The opening paper, (second of the series) "Washoe Revisited," is set off by a profusion of spirited illustrations, and is full of interest. Skipping over a vast amount and variety of reading, we come to the "Easy Chair," and "Editor's Drawer," both as full of good things as our lawns are full of birds just now.

## CITY MATTERS.

A CHALLENGE FROM HAMILL.—James Hamill, the champion oarsman, has replied to the challenge of Gilbert Ward just as his friends in this city supposed he would. Hamill makes a very fair offer, and if the New Yorkers are disposed to have a fair trial of skill in the matter of handling oars they will certainly accept his proposition to row on the Schuylkill. Mr. Hamill also offers to accommodate Mr. Stephens with a race on the same course one week after the race with Ward, should the latter accept the proposition to row on the Schuylkill. The card of Hamill reads as follows:

"PITTSBURGH, May 20.

"FRANK QUEEN: In a NEW YORK paper of the 15th inst., I find a challenge from Gil. Ward, of Cornwall, N. Y., to row me a five mile race on the Hudson river, for one thousand dollars a side. I have just written to NEW YORK on the subject, and asked him if I can willing to do so, Mr. Queen, know that I have always shown a disposition to accommodate any of the rowing fraternity. But it seems to me more to them to show the same disposition to oblige me if they want a race from me. I will row Mr. Gil. Ward a five mile race on the Hudson river for one thousand dollars a side, if he will allow me two hundred dollars for expenses; or I will row him the same distance, and for the same amount, over our course at Pittsburgh, and allow him two hundred and fifty dollars for expenses, which I think is a very liberal offer, for I never row him or any one else a race that I rowed his brother Joshua, on the Schuylkill at Philadelphia, the same distance and for the same amount, each party to pay his own expenses, which I think is the fairest offer, as it puts the friends of the parties, and the parties themselves on an equality, which the other propositions do not. If this fair proposition is acceptable to Mr. Gil. Ward, a race can be made at any time. And to show that I mean business, I will row Mr. Stephens, of Pennsylvania, the same distance and for the same amount, over the Schuylkill course, one week after my race with Gil. Ward, should Gil. accept my proposition to row on the Schuylkill.

"I remain, dear FRANK, yours resp'y,
"JAMES HAMILL, Pittsburgh, Pa."

DISTRICT COURT.—Before Hon. Moses Hampton. This Court has been engaged for nearly a week past in trying an interesting and important action of ejectment, which was brought to a sudden termination yesterday morning. The parties in the case were Sarah Almira Henry, by her guardian, B. J. Henry, vs. Rev. Robert W. Henry, D. D., of Philadelphia. The suit involved the title to some seventeen or eighteen acres of land in Union township, four miles from this city, valued at about $5,000. Both the parties claimed title from James Henry, Sr., who died about a year ago, the plaintiff being his grand daughter, and the defendant his son. The plaintiff claimed that during his lifetime old Mr. Henry made, executed and delivered a deed for the land to her father, since deceased, for the property in dispute, while the defendant alleged that no such deed was ever executed, but on the contrary that a deed for the same property was made, executed and delivered to him. The plaintiff relied upon facts and circumstances to establish the "delivery," whilst the defendant put his claim upon the deed in his possession and title. A large number of residents of Union township were present as witnesses, who manifested great interest in the trial. Yesterday morning, upon the recommendation of the Court, a compromise was effected by Mr. Henry paying to the plaintiff the sum of $1,700, each party paying their own costs. Messrs. James Veech and Thomas Ewing, Esqrs., were the attorneys for the plaintiffs, and Messrs. John M. Kirkpatrick, John Mellon and R. & S. Woods appeared for the defendant.

THE DAY OF PRAYER.—Bishop Domenec, of the Roman Catholic Diocese of Pittsburgh, has issued the following circular: "As the President has issued a Proclamation, appointing Thursday, the 1st day of June, as a day of humiliation and prayer, in consequence of the late horrible assassination of his illustrious predecessor, Abraham Lincoln, and we, therefore, wishing fully to second the designs of our Chief Magistrate, do hereby direct, that on that day might be said in all the churches, viz, at the usual hours as on Sundays; that, at the Mass, the Collect *pro quacumque necessitate* be added; and that at the end of the Mass, the Psalm *Miserere* with the Prayer for the Authorities be recited."

CITY MORTALITY.—Dr. Geo. L. McCook, Physician of the Board of Health, reports the number of interments in the city for the week ending May 21st, at thirteen—six adults and seven children. Two deaths were caused from consumption, two from convulsions, and one each from the following diseases:—Intemperance, 1; unknown, 1; drowned, 1; diseases maladis, 1; unknown, 1; marasmus, 1; still born, 1; fever from functional, 1; derangement, 1; diphtheria, 1; hydrocephalus, 1.

ACCIDENT.—Yesterday afternoon a man named Michael Milan, an employee of Mr. Knox, fell from a building in the vicinity of the Pennsylvania railroad depot, and was severely bruised and cut about the head. His wounds were dressed by Dr. Wm. R. Childs.

CONFIRMATION.—Right Rev. Bishop Domenec, on the 21st instant, visited St. Aloysius' Academy, Loretto, on which occasion he confirmed five young ladies, pupils of that institution.

DEATH OF A PRIEST.—Rev. Cajetan Klocker, a Catholic priest, lately pastor of the Pine creek charge, died on Thursday last, at the Mercy Hospital, after a protracted illness.

It is estimated that the amount of freight shipped from the Missouri River and transported to New Mexico, Utah, Colorado, and intermediate points, during the last year, amounted to forty millions of pounds. To transport this immense amount 9,000 wagons requisite; drawn by 50,000 head of cattle and 10,000 head of horses and mules. The employees are estimated at 10,000.

# The Pittsburgh Commercial.

VOL. II. PITTSBURGH, THURSDAY MORNING, MAY, 25, 1865. NO. 219.

## FIRST EDITION.

12, MIDNIGHT.

### Review of Sherman's Army

### HONORS TO THE BRAVE MEN.

### Gen. Sherman Vociferously Cheered.

### The Army of Georgia

### Interesting Scenes and Incidents.

### SECRETARY SEWARD PRESENT.

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, May 24 7 P. M.

The city was much crowded to day. The weather was delightful. The armies of Tennessee and Georgia were reviewed by Lt. Gen Grant. The President and members of the Cabinet, distinguished army and navy officers and others occupied the stands as before. Gen Sherman headed the column and was cheered along the lines. Other officers were similarly complimented. The military display was grand and impressive.

WASHINGTON May 24.

We had another bright day for the review. A fresh crowd this morning swelled the already large number of strangers who have visited Washington, to witness the grand parade. The tasty fully decorated stands near the Executive Mansion were again occupied by President Johnson, Members of the Cabinet and Lieutenant General Grant, together with distinguished army and navy officers, chiefs of executive bureaus, the diplomatic corps and families and others.

The vicinity of the reviewing point was densely crowded over a larger area than yesterday, this locality being the most attractive. The Army of Tennessee moved from the Capitol at 9 A. M., proceeding toward the Executive Mansion. At the head of the column rode Major General Sherman, who was vociferously cheered all along the line. The greeting of this hero was in the highest degree of enthusiasm. He had been presented with two large wreaths of flowers; one of which had been placed around his horse's neck, the other upon his own shoulder. Major General Sherman was accompanied by Major General Howard. Next followed Major General Logan and staff and escort. He yesterday assumed command of the Army of the Tennessee, consisting of the Fifteenth, Seventeenth and Sixteenth Corps, commanded by Major General Blair, composed of volunteers from Illinois, Michigan, Indiana, Missouri, Minnesota, Illinois, Iowa, and Wisconsin.

The Seventh Army Corps was preceded by its commander, Major General Blair, with his staff followed by headquarters escort. The troops of this corps are from Ohio, Illinois, New York, Wisconsin, Indiana, Minnesota and Michigan.

The next in review was the army of Georgia, Major General Slocum commanding. The Twentieth Corps was commanded by Major General Mower, and composed of volunteers from Connecticut, Pennsylvania, New York, Wisconsin, Massachusetts, Ohio, Delaware, Indiana and Michigan.

This was succeeded by the Fourteenth Army Corps, Brevet Major General J. C. Davis commanding. The troops composing this corps are from Wisconsin, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, New York, Minnesota and Kentucky. The respective commanders of the several divisions and brigades, bore upon their persons a profusion of flowers, and as they passed along the line cheers were given and flowers showered.

The armies represented all branches and divisions of the service, cavalry, artillery and infantry, with sufficient variety in the trimming and uniforms to relieve the general sameness of uniform, and several regiments of Zouaves contributed to produce the effect. Sections of pontoon bridges and ambulance stretchers, and even heavy wagons, were features of the procession. There was also a fire representation of the Washington fire department, the implements being carried on the shoulders of both white and colored soldiers.

A great deal of enthusiasm was occasioned by the display of pack horses and mules. They were all heavily loaded with commissary supplies, including chickens, a cow, a dog and a goat constantly fastened to three of the saddles. These were the pets of his soldiers. Two black soldiers of the largest size, riding very small mules, their feet nearly touching the ground, was regarded as a comic scene in connection with this part of the display, and occasioned general laughter.

An interesting feature in the parade was the exhibition of the various manners of various patterns, some of them entirely new; others were carried torn by bullets and reduced to shreds while others, entire as to material, were faded by exposure to the weather or blackened by the smoke of battle. Several staffs were carried from which the flags had been shot away. Some of the spear heads were ornamented with flowers. It was remarked as in contrast to the army of the Potomac that the troops composing the armies of Georgia and Tennessee were the wide brim felt hats, regulation pattern. Their appearance in all respects was equal to that of the army of the Potomac, notwithstanding they had performed more marching service. Their movements were much admired and applauded.

The commander of each army corps and division, attended by the staff officers, dismounted after passing the General-in-Chief, and joined him until his army corps or division had passed the reviewing stand, when he joined his command.

Brigade bands or consolidate field music turned out with each brigade and the massed band to each division performed during the march from the Capitol to the Treasury building.

After the troops passed the reviewing officers, they were marched to their respective quarters.

Secretary Seward, notwithstanding his severe physical affliction, took a deep interest in the review. Gen. Angur made him comfortable, and furnished him with a good position at the Headquarters of the Defences of Washington, that he might witness the grand military display.

The armies of Tennessee and Georgia occupied six hours in passing, the same length of time required yesterday for review of the Army of the Potomac.

Special to Western Associated Press.

NEW YORK, May 23.

The morning papers are filled with accounts of the review of the Army of the Potomac yesterday. The organization of that army is given, and the appearance of each corps and division, and in some cases that of brigades is described.

The *World's* account draws a comparison between the review of our army and those held in European cities during the past seventy years, and thinks it will compare favorably with all of them, not excepting Napoleon's review of the army that entered Russia. Our army is described to be less showy than European armies, but equally effective in martial spirit and discipline.

### Jeff Davis at Fortress Monroe

### HIS PLAN OF IMPRISONMENT.

### PRISON STRONGLY GUARDED.

By Associated Press.

FORTRESS MONROE, May 23.

Jeff. Davis, and C. C. Clay, after having been taken yesterday from the steamer Clyde, were handcuffed and escorted inside the fort, and at once placed in the closest confinement in the cells prepared for their reception in the second tier of casemates.

They occupy cells adjacent to each other, and are very carefully guarded by two officers and twenty men of the third Pennsylvania artillery.

Mrs. Davis, and family, and the wife of C. C. Clay remain on board the steamer Clyde, while the latter is detained until day, preparatory to carrying them Southward again.

The strictest regulations are being enforced by the military authorities respecting persons visiting the fort. By order of the Secretary of War no one, either civil or military, is allowed to enter the fortress unless provided with papers, which are furnished very sparingly, by the commander of the post.

### Rebels to be Excluded from Benefits of the Amnesty Proclamation.

By Associated Press.

NEW YORK, May 24.

A special to the New York Post, dated Washington, 24th says: It is understood that all the rebel officers concerned in the atrocious treatment of our prisoners, will be excluded from the benefit of the amnesty proclamation. Also, the Fort Pillow murderers. It will also break up the great landed estates, by requiring all the possessors of such to take the oath of allegiance.

The friends of General Sherman and Secretary Stanton are endeavoring to reconcile the former to the latter.

### THE YELLOW FEVER PLOT.

### TRIAL OF DR. BLACKBURN.

By Associated Press.

TORONTO, May 24.

The evidence in the case of Dr. Blackburn gives details of the yellow fever plot. The testimony of the principal witnesses is corroborated by the affidavits of Mr. Geary and W. J. Hall, both Southerners. The counsel for the defense admitted the evidence, but contended that there was no decided authority in support of the prosecution for conspiracy to murder in a foreign country, and that it was not punishable by common law in England, unless it was contemplated to murder the head of the government.

John Beershimer, of Hunterdon county, N. J., has been fined $500, and sentenced to the State prison one year, for manufacturing cigars without a license.

## FROM WASHINGTON.

### New System of Slavery Projected.

### Promotion of Surgeon General Barnes.

### THE PAYMENT OF OUR ARMIES.

### Gen. Sherman's Reply to Sec'y Stanton.

### Health of Secretary Seward and Son.

### Payment of the entire Floating Debt.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Commercial.

WASHINGTON, May 24.

**Sentiment of Slaveholders.**

A letter from Raleigh, from a gentleman conversant with the slave holding sentiment in the Carolinas and Georgia, says the late slave owners in that region will try to coerce the negro population into a

**System of Serfdom.**

They rely upon starvation to compel freedmen to work without wages. And will let their plantations run to waste rather than hire their labor. Their hatred of negroes has been intensified by the sympathy the black race have given the Union army. The writer relates many instances of the barbarity of Sherman's soldiers toward their colored friends, and say that now the unfortunate freedmen know not what to do or whom to trust.

**Surgeon General Barnes**

has been breveted Major General in the regular army.

**The Treasury**

is provided with abundant means to pay off the two armies now congregated here, and the payment of the troops will commence on next Monday.

**Gen Sherman**

Has written a letter intended for publication in which he roundly abuses Secretary Stanton for his disapproval of his negotiations with Joe Johnston. The letter is addressed to Col S. M. Bowman, of Pennsylvania, and will probably be published in a few days. The fight is becoming interesting.

**Fred. W. Seward**

Was not informed until yesterday of the death of President Lincoln. The intelligence was kept from him to prevent effect upon his nervous system. When informed of the fact he was very much shocked, and for awhile after was much prostrated. He is now, however, out of danger.

**The Entire Floating Debt**

Of the Treasury will be liquidated by the 1st of June.

**Secretary Seward**

Was summoned to appear before the Military Commission yesterday and give his testimony relative to the attempt made upon his life, on the night of the 14th of April. Surgeon General Barnes would not permit him to undertake such a task at present. It is likely that Mr. Seward's deposition will be taken at his house

## FROM NASHVILLE.

### Railroad Communication with Louisville

### Death of Hon. Jere. Clemens.

### PROTECTION FOR TENNESSEEANS

### Paroled Rebels to be Fed by Rebel Sympathizers.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Commercial.

NASHVILLE, May 24.

Trains started this morning for Louisville. Passengers will be carried by other conveyances over breaks. All damages will be repaired, and trains run through by Saturday or Sunday next.

Hon. Jeremiah Clemens died at Huntsville, Alabama, on Sunday last, of dumb chills. In his closing hours he is said to have expressed a fervent devotion to the Union, and counselled his acquaintances and friends to acquiesce heartily in the new order of things.

The military bill was yesterday indefinitely postponed in the Tennessee House of Representatives, so that until a future session of the Legislature, the protection of the State and people will devolve entirely upon the National troops.

General Thomas has ordered that paroled rebel prisoners, awaiting transportation in Nashville, shall be boarded by rebel sympathizers during their stay. Many of these ex-rebel soldiers are very destitute.

## Affairs in Georgia.

### Letter from Gen. Wilson to Gov. Brown

### THE LATTER'S AUTHORITY DENIED

### DESTITUTION OF THE PEOPLE.

By Associated Press.

NEW YORK, May 24.

General Wilson, in a letter to Gov. Brown who had complained of the collapse of the currency and the great destruction of property among the people, says he is authorized by the President to say to him that these evils were caused by treason, insurrection and rebellion against the laws of the United States, incited and carried on for the last four years by you and your confederate rebels and traitors, and thinks it will compare favorably with all of them, not excepting Napoleon's review of the army that entered Russia. Our army is described to be less showy than European armies, but equally effective in martial spirit and discipline.

That you call the result which the fortunes of war have imposed on the people of Georgia, and all the loss and woe they have suffered are original and wanton, and your deluded rebels who, usurping authority, provoked war to the extremity, until compelled to lay down your arms, are responsible for the just, and the crimes of treason and rebellion; that the restoration of peace and order cannot be enlisted to rebels; that those persons who incited the war and carried it on will not be allowed to assemble at the call of their accomplices to act upon the political questions of the State and again usurp its authority and franchises. Men who have caused so much woe will not be allowed the power again to set on foot fresh acts of treason and rebellion. In calling the Legislature together again without the permission of the President, you have perpetrated a fresh crime that will be dealt with accordingly, and if any person presumes to answer or acknowledge your call he will be arrested.

The new trade regulations for Savannah are working most satisfactorily. Silver is plenty in Augusta for change, and greenbacks are at par.

## From California.

### Detention of Mexican Emigrants,

### WORK ON THE PACIFIC RAILROAD

By Associated Press.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 23.

The overland mail brings files of New York to the 20th, and from St. Louis to the 21st.

The bark Bronies with Mexican emigrants on board, is still under the military authorities. It has been suggested that the party might be allowed to leave without their arms, but this they are unwilling to do, as they are confident the authorities would permit them to go armed, as the order annulling the transportation of arms has been annulled.

A large force of laborers is at work on the line of the Pacific Railroad, which is the connecting link of the California and Pacific Railroad between Sacramento and San Francisco.

Despite the favorable prospects of the crops flour holds at $14@14 50 per bbl.

### REBELLION IN HAYTI.

### THE INSURGENTS SUCCESSFUL.

By Associated Press.

BALTIMORE, May 24.

The schooner Pom, Capt. Molineaux, arrived at this port bringing advices from Cape Haytien to May 18th, by which we learn that a political revolution had taken place on the 10th inst., headed by a Col. Salnave, took possession of Cape Haytien on the 10th inst., without opposition from the government, and not a gun was fired by either party. It was a bloodless affair. The towns of Gonaives and Stimories had been taken by the rebels; the people appeared to acquiesce in the change.

The leader of the rebellion, Col. Salnave, is the person who attempted to assassinate one of Geffrard's ministers some months since.

### Arrival of Cotton from Mobile.

FORTRESS MONROE, May 22.

The steamer Monterey arrived here yesterday from Mobile, with a full cargo of cotton on Government account.

## SECOND EDITION.

4 O'CLOCK, A. M.

### Latest from Europe.

### ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMER CHINA.

### Proceedings in the House of Commons

### Question of Belligerent Rights,

### Claim for Damages by Anglo-Rebel Pirates,

### LORD PALMERSTON'S HEALTH.

### The Atlantic Telegraph Cable.

### Death of Franklin Webster, American Consul at Munich.

HALIFAX, May 24.

The steamer China, from Liverpool 13th and Queenstown 14th, with three days later news, has arrived. Cotton declined 1/16@1/8d. on the week. Breadstuffs steady. Provisions steady. Consols 90 1/2@90 3/4. American stocks—United States 5-20s, 63 1/2@64; Erie, 55 1/2@56; Illinois Central, 75 1/2@76

A Melbourne dispatch of March 28, says the pirate Shenandoah is cruising off that coast, but announces no captures.

LIVERPOOL—Evening.—Cotton. Sales to-day of 1,000 bales, market closed dull at a slight decline. Breadstuffs quiet. Provisions quiet and steady.

LONDON, May 13.—Consols for money 90 1/2@90 3/4; American stocks—Illinois Central, 75 1/2@76; Erie, 56 1/2@57.

LONDON, May 15.—The *Daily News* denies that President Johnson has caused fresh representations to be made to the British Government in the pirate Alabama's depredations. It says the case remains as Mr. Lincoln left it. The news by the Persia only strengthened the conviction now universal that the rebellion is over.

The rebel loan is quoted at 12@14.

GREAT BRITAIN.—In the House of Commons on the 11th, the question as to the withdrawal of belligerent's rights from the South, of which notice had been given by Mr. White, was brought.

The *Morning Star* assumes from Mr. White having been requested to postpone his question, that the Government is in favor of withdrawal. In the cabinet, and observes: "Though the withdrawal of belligerent rights is no more a sentimental; it would have the effect of shutting the South's ports to the Shenandoah and those of the West ladies to the Stonewall, the only two privateers now afloat. It would tend to expedite the return of the Southern States to the Union will raise the blockade and permit free intercourse with Southern States.

The *Morning Post* editorially on the same subject says: "Mr. White postponed his question in consequence of Lord Palmerston, but it is unquestionable that to which an answer must be speedily given."

The *Post* says: "It is impossible to avoid the conclusion that the Confederate Government has ceased to be a State capable of being a belligerent when it no longer possesses the means of prosecuting the war, and as it has already ceased to exist in fact. It is the act original convention between Johnson and Sherman, no cause for complaint will be given if it is not ratified by the Washington Cabinet."

The *Daily News* notices, as among "the most pleasing features of the recent intelligence from America, the improved feeling of the people of the United States towards England. There are evidences of this on every hand, but they are especially visible in the altered tone of the newspapers. The *Herald* not only proclaims that circumstances have not only improved the situation and temper of American politics, but declares that we have done justice to the English character and motives in a truer light."

In opposition to this, the *Morning Herald* editorially remarks that "Sir E. Bruce complains of the difficulty of maintaining friendly relations with the United States Government, and that Mr. Adams has presented claims for losses by the Alabama."

The *Daily News* of the 13th, referring to the above statement by the *Herald* says: "Most persons are aware that the Government of the United States considers it has claims upon us for the depredations of the Alabama. Our own Government is of a contrary opinion. The question will come on for adjustment some time hence, and we hope and trust that it may then be considered now as well as at any other time. As a matter of fact, however, Mr. Seward informed Mr. Adams that the position at this moment stands just where Mr. Lincoln left it. The claims made by the subject of presentations to the Government. These representations were made by order of Mr. Lincoln and are far from being an unfriendly one. They will be considered without more delay than before the undoubted claims on England in the same situation in which she left them. President Johnson having reserved them for his treatment."

Parliamentary proceedings were unimportant.

Lord Palmerston's health was improving, but he continues weak and abstains from Parliamentary duties.

Messrs. Hankey & Bros., merchants in Liverpool, have suspended, it is believed for a heavy amount. Messrs. Baring Brothers also suspend in connection with the cotton trade. The name is not mentioned.

At a meeting of the Telegraph Construction and Maintenance Company, late Gutta Percha Co., who are manufacturing the Atlantic cable, some interesting statements were made as to the progress of the work and great confidence was expressed in its success. The cable was expected to be complete in another fortnight, and all along the side of the Great Eastern by the end of May. The Great Eastern goes to sea under the most favorable auspices. Her commander, Captain Anderson, of the China having been permitted by the Cunard Company to select his own crew.

A Munich letter mentions the death of Franklin Webster, American Consul to that city.

FRANCE.—The weekly returns of the bank of France show an increase of 9,000,000 francs.

The Paris correspondent of the *Morning Post* says: "The death of Persigny has revived the political spirit of Democratic France in the large town. The *Journal de La Loire* had ordered a mourning number, and a medal to be presented to Mrs. Lincoln, with the Democratic inscription thereon.

Bourse flat. Rentes 67f. 50c.

ITALY.—The King left Turin on the 11th inst., for Florence.

SCHLESWIG HOLSTIEN QUESTION.—It is stated that Austria has declined the proposition of Prussia that both powers should enter into separate negotiations with the Federal Diet on the Schleswig Holstein question, and that the Duke of Augustenberg should be removed from Kiel.

LIVERPOOL, May 13.—Cotton.—Brook's Circular reports the sales of the week at 71,000 bales, 12,000 to speculators, and 21,000 to exporters. The sales on Friday were 7,000, closing nominal, but became buoyant under the European advices, closing with a downward tendency under the late decline.

The quotations are generally 1/4@1/2 lower on the week. The authorized quotations are: Fair Orleans, 77d; middling Orleans 71 1/2d; middling Mobile, 71d; fair Uplands, 71; middling, 14; sales on Friday of 7,000 bales; market closing dull and unchanged. Stock in port estimated at 512,000 bales, of which 5,700 are American.

Manchester market quiet and prices easier.

Bread stuff steady. Wakefield, N. & Co., and Ireland, A. & G. report flour quiet and steady. Wheat firmer. Winter mild. Corn steady at 29.

Provisions.—Richardson, Spence & Co., and Gordon, Duncan & Co. report beef and pork holders demanding an advance which checks business. Pork steady. Lard firmer. Bacon firmer at 59s. Tallow declined 6d, closing steadier. Coffee quiet.

Bouit, English & Brandon report petroleum steady; small sales at 2s 2or refined. The bullion in the Bank of England has increased £182,000.

LATEST VIA QUEENSTOWN—LIVERPOOL 13—*Evening.*—Cotton dull and all qualities slightly lower.

Breadstuffs quiet. Provisions quiet and steady. Consols closed at 90 1/4@90 5/8 for money. U. S. 5-20s 71 3/4@75 1/4. Illinois Central Scrip 75 1/2@76.

### HIGHLY IMPORTANT DECISION

### Constitutionality of Legal Tender Notes.

Special to Western Associated Press.

HARRISBURG, May 24.

In the decision rendered by the Supreme Court in the case of Hepsel, vs. Hal, prize, in Philadelphia, involving the constitutionality of legal tender notes, Judges Strong, Reed and Agnew gave their opinions affirmatively and Judges Woodward and Thompson dissented.

### THE SEVEN-THIRTY LOAN.

By Associated Press.

PHILADELPHIA, May 24.

Jay Cooke reports subscriptions to the 7-30 loan to-day at $1,078,900, the largest single Western subscriptions were $150,000 from the Second National Bank of St. Louis; $126,500 from Hanna, Hart & Co., of Pittsburg; $100,000 from the Second National Bank of Cleveland; $50,000 from the First National Bank of Allegheny city, Pa. The largest single Eastern subscription was $70,000 of Philadelphia. The number of individual subscriptions was 755

For sometime past there has been an extensive emigration from Kentucky and Tennessee into Indiana, and it is rather increasing with the prospect of peace. The emigrants from Kentucky are far the most thrifty farmers who have the means to buy farms and take their stock and farming utensils with them.

## THE GREAT REVIEW.

### Enthusiastic Reception of Sherman's Invincibles.

### FLORAL TRIBUTE TO THE BRAVES

### The Line of March Strewn with Roses,

### HONORS TO THEIR GALLANT GENERALS

### Unbounded Enthusiasm of the People

### Graphic Account of the Pageant,

Special to the Pittsburgh Commercial.

WASHINGTON, May 24.

Before day-light this morning the fire companies of the city were out

**Watering the Streets**

For the splendid military display that General Sherman's army has made. The air was chilly, but the sun rose warm and bright, and soon the line of march was packed on either hand with thousands more than witnessed the pageant yesterday.

**Major General John A. Logan**

Having received only yesterday the War Department order assigning him to the command of the Army of the Tennessee, issued immediately an order assigning the command of the 15th army corps to Major General W. B. Hazen, of the 2d division, who was assigned the corps by Secretary Stanton. Brigadier General Oliver succeeded General Hazen in command of the division. The promotion was eminently deserved, and the division is highly gratified thereby.

At nine o'clock precisely.

**General Sherman Headed the Column**

And moved from the Capitol down Pennsylvania Avenue amidst a din of huzzas and congratulations and a hail storm of boquets and wreaths. The Avenue was so densely packed with spectators that it was almost impossible to move along the street. The 9th Illinois mounted infantry preceded General and staff and cleared the streets. Notwithstanding the presence of the guards, the

**People Bearing their Floral Gifts,**

Crowded toward the General, and would not be denied the privilege of presenting them. The column passed from the Avenue to Fifteenth street, and passing the Treasury building moved past the stands erected in front of the White House, for the occupation of the President, Generals and their invited friends, the cabinet, and observes: "Though the withdrawal of belligerent rights is no more a sentimental; it would have the effect of shutting the South's ports to the Shenandoah and those of the West ladies to the Stonewall, the only two privateers now afloat. It would tend to expedite the return of the Southern States to the Union will raise the blockade and permit free intercourse with Southern States.

# The Daily Commercial

THURSDAY MAY 25 1865.


☞ Correspondence on matters of public interest is solicited and will be thankfully received from our friends in all parts of the country, when accompanied by responsible names. More especially whatever relates to the discovery and production of oil, the development of oil lands, and reliable oil intelligence in general, will be acceptable and is desired. Events of local interest mechanical and agricultural results inventions and improvements of every description clearly and briefly described, are solicited. To secure attention, communications should be brief, entirely reliable, and sent as promptly as possible.

Letters concerning the business departments of the newspaper or printing office should be addressed to the Business Manager. Communications designed for the paper should be addressed to The Editor.

## COUNTY UNION CONVENTION.

The loyal men of Allegheny county, comprising the Union party, are requested to assemble at the places of holding elections in their Wards, Boroughs Townships and Precincts, respectfully, on SATURDAY, June 3d, 1865, and elect two delegates to represent each district aforesaid in a UNION CONVENTION to be held at the Court House, in the city of Pittsburgh, on TUESDAY, June 6th, at 10 o'clock, a. m. for the purpose of nominating a Union ticket and transacting such other business as may be properly brought before it.

The election of delegates in the Wards and Boroughs shall be by ballot between the hours of four and seven o'clock p. m., and in the Townships between the hours of four and six o'clock, p. m.

By order of the Union Executive Committee.

A. M. BROWN, Chairman.

ALEX. HILANDS, } Secretaries.
D. O'NEILL, }

## General Lee.

A decided change has taken place in the public mind as to the share of General LEE's responsibility, the extent of his guilt and the punishment he deserves. Of this he probably is not ignorant; and it is not likely that his reflections are made a particle less gloomy by the arrest and incarceration of the rebel leaders, with the view of trying and punishing them according to the law of the land. There was a time when public feeling in the North was very charitable toward General LEE, but he dashed it all by his farewell order to his troops; by his failure to utter a single word, going to show he would not do over what he has done in the interest of the Rebellion, or that his only regret is not that it failed. Furthermore, the damaging fact appears against him, that though knowing to the horrid barbarities practiced in the rebel prisons, he uttered not a word of protest, when but a word from him would have materially mitigated the condition of our suffering, dying men. This circumstance authorizes the suspicion, to say the least, that he knew of and assented to, not only the systematic torture of prisoners, but also the scheme to burn Northern cities and shipping, and to perpetrate the other barbarities disclosed on the trial of the conspirators. This is a grave suspicion, but the person entertaining the most charitable feeling towards General LEE will not contend that he is not clearly open to it.

This change of feeling toward the rebel General-in-chief has been brought about by no sudden impulse, but is the result of close perception and careful weighing of evidence.

Those who were disposed to assign to him a position elevated above DAVIS, BENJAMIN, and the other conspirators, and a high-toned character that rendered him incapable of cruelty or any act not in accordance with honor and christianity, have found it impossible to do so in the face of all the evidence that has come to light, showing that he silently assented to, if he did not advise, much of the barbarism which has made the Rebel cause throughout the civilized world the synonym of all that is monstrous in crime and cruelty.

## Revelations.

While the rebellion continued, in its activity, we had comparatively little opportunity of knowing the interior condition of the insurrectionary States, or the measures and agencies which the usurpers adopted toward the people there. The military part alone, which was presented to our armies, was open to inspection. With this, we were sufficiently familiar. Our soldiers, the most common sense people in the world, have been accustomed to say, in allusion to General GRANT's theory that the Confederacy was only a shell. "Yes, when we advance upon it we always find *plenty of shells.*" Of affairs beyond the lines, we knew but little, and, therefore, had the more free and attractive field for the indulgence of the imagination. The conjectures formed about the condition of the people of the South, pictured them as suffering great privation, wretchedness and wrong, by the oppression of their false rulers. The persistent denial of the correctness of this belief never materially weakened it. Indeed, it was not all conjecture. Besides being a reasonable indication, it was sustained by some positive proof.

But the revelations, that have already been made, since active rebellion was suppressed, demonstrate a degree of misery and a variety of wretchedness, among the Southern people that far transcends the wildest conjectures. They also connect these with the unscrupulous tyranny of the usurpers, who originated and controlled the selfish and ambitious scheme of secession.

These relevations also associate the guilty leaders of the rebellion closely with the horrors of those prison pens, of which we had but feeble conception till the later period of the war. Wanton, deliberate, wholesale torture, to destroy life, or to render men unfit for military service, seems to have been adopted as a stroke of strategic policy. Human nature almost shrinks from making the allegation of such diabolism, as it would from the acknowledgment of it. Yet alas! too true.

Yet we have but the commencement of the revelations. The stupendous crime, comprehensive of all other crimes, stands detected and convicted before the world. When its history is laid open, in its details, the world will stand aghast at its enormities. We look, with other motives than idle curiosity, for the developments that will be made by the documents of the rebel conspirators which have fallen into the hands of the government.

## Kindly Feeling Toward Rebel Masses

Before the rebellion was crushed, and even while it was hopeful and defiant, there was a kindness of feeling toward the common people of the South, which was highly favorable to the loyal Northern heart. If we felt any satisfaction on hearing of their hardships under the heavy oppressions of their leaders, it was not a malignant, but a benevolent feeling, as it inspired the hope that they might be led to rise against their oppressors and drive them from their seats of power. The joy felt on the closing of the war was purely in consideration of the relief it would afford to the helpless and destitute people of the South. The same kindly feeling recognizes, with pleasure, such indication of clemency in the measures of the Government bearing on the common people. It greets with approval any aspirations or endeavors to mitigate their sufferings and to promote their welfare. All this honorable feeling co-exists in the true loyal heart, in perfect harmony with the conviction that the great and leading men of the insurrection should be held to a strict account for their misdeeds.

This we take to be the general tone of the loyal heart. It indicates the dominant influence of correct principles. Political philosophy and christian morals run parallel and near together in this matter. Neither is vindictive or denunciatory. Neither demand, for the vindication of justice, the universal and indiscriminate punishment of offenders. Judging on these sound principles, it would not raise our estimate of a person's loyalty to find him bent on exterminating all that have been implicated in the rebellion. Nor would it be to the honor of morals or religion, to adopt measures for punishing leaders, that must necessarily involve in equal loss and privation those who are admitted to be less culpable or wholly innocent.

The tone of kindness that distinguishes the loyal heart, in its forbearance, will also be an impulse to benevolent action. Coming comparatively unscathed from the war, let us extend the friendly hand to those who have so deeply suffered, as well as erred, cheering them with forgiving and friendly words, supplying them with food and furnishing them with the means of religious and moral improvement.

## A Practical Step Toward Reconstruction.

The proclamation of the President opening the ports along the whole coast line to Texas, is an important step in the work of reconstruction. The influence of trade on the social and political condition of our country can safely be relied on to create relations of concord and weave the bond of mutual interests. In the track of commerce follow the arts of peace; improvement will again assert its empire where war's desolation has made a desert of districts once blooming and prosperous. Stronger than legal enactments are the sweet influences of peace thus created. We have everything to hope from the effect of renewed intercourse, socialand commercial, on the political relations of the two sections, so lately engaged in bloody contention. Although this intercourse, it is true, will not settle all the questions, it will measurably clear the way, and assist in the settlement of some of them, and perhaps discover the key to problems that threaten to be difficult of solution. It will produce good feeling, and this must exist before there can be anything permanent that is valuable.

There has been much wisdom shown in this restoring trade between the two sections of the Union. While there has not been unnecessary delay, the process has been just gradual enough to avoid confusion. The question has been wisely managed, not with reference to trade purely, but as the means of helping the management of other questions; and we shall be much disappointed if we do not, at an early day, perceive the influence of restored trade operating most beneficially on the whole question of reconstruction.

THE SOLDIER'S RIGHT ARM.—In more senses than one, the soldier's musket is his right arm, and we are glad to meet the proposition that he be allowed to retain it when he is mustered out. It requires no great amount of sentiment to perceive the relations between the soldier and the musket he has fought with, his trusted companion, night and day—almost his better half. The war being over, and the soldier mustered out, it seems hard to take it from him, and not permit him to carry it home to be its possessor, the perpetual token of honor, and perhaps the solace in his old age, with which to fight his battles o'er. Let the veteran keep his musket, say we. He has a clear title to it; the government can afford it.

COMING TO THE RESCUE OF HIS FATHER.—The Cincinnati *Inquirer* feels it to be its duty to rebuke the Republican press, on account of their reckless and wanton assault upon J. Davis's family. The *Inquirer* has entered upon the subject con *amore*, and knows all about the "Davis family." It says the aspersions made on "Mr. DAVIS'S" father are malignant and gratuitous, and not a word of truth in them. Now, that the character of the father is cleared up, we should like to see the opinion of the *Inquirer* on the "aspersions" floating about so recklessly in the Republican press on "Mr. DAVIS" himself as we believe the *Inquirer* has not yet touched directly on that subject.

It may be gratifying to some people to know that President JOHNSON every day grows more determined to punish the leading traitors, and make treason so odious that it will be a very long time before the experiment of breaking up the Union is again tried. He thinks it a good time to settle that point in the courts.

TROUBLE IN WEST VIRGINIA.—In the earlier stages of the rebellion, a number of persons residing in different counties of West Virginia were taken prisoners, charged with treason, and held to bail for trial by the court. The parties were never tried, but have generally been discharged on taking the necessary oath and entering into bonds to conduct themselves as loyal citizens to the government. They have generally been working at their occupations for three years past, but lately the attempt to return to their homes of all sorts of rebels, the so exasperated the Union people that these who have been behaving themselves have come under the ban of displeasure, and they have fled to the United States authorities for protection. Major General EMORY has notified the citizens that he will furnish the United States Marshal with a sufficient military force to protect citizens to whom peace has been guaranteed by the United States authorities, and all law-abiding citizens in West Virginia are directed to take notice.

THE NEW REVENUE COMMISSIONER.—Mr. WM. ORTON, who will assume the duties of commissioner of the Internal Revenue on the first of July next, is a native of New York, and at a young man, being only some thirty seven years of age. Mr. ORTON, unaided and unadvised all the branches of a common school education, and at an early day became a teacher. He was for many years a book publisher in Geneva and Buffalo, and for ten years was a partner of a New York publishing house. Mr. ORTON, by diligence, energy and uprightness, has worked his own way up to an honorable position, and is another bright example of the young men of the country.

TOBACCO IN VIRGINIA.—It is estimated that there are thirty thousand hogsheads of tobacco in Virginia, of which ten thousand are at Lynchburg, and the balance at Danville, Farmville, and in the possession of the planters in the country. There are but a few hundred hogsheads in Richmond. As compared with the stock of leaf tobacco, the stock of manufactured is large, but it is so scattered in individual hands as to make it impossible to form even an estimate of its quantity.

## House for Jeff. Davis in Liverpool.

The editor of the Savannah *Herald* publishes the following letter, which may or may not be true, although it would seem to indicate that the arch traitor was provided for the expense of his stupendous treason:

"Now that everything regarding the movements of Jeff Davis has a peculiar interest, I have thought it well to give to the public, through the columns of your valuable paper, a fact which came to my personal knowledge bearing upon the subject. When I was in Liverpool, England, not more than a year ago, there had been completed a splendid brick mansion in one of the most fashionable squares of the city which was generally known and talked of as having been erected from the proceeds of the 'confederate loan,' and as being intended for the future residence of Jefferson Davis, in the event of circumstances forcing him to leave the country. During my stay in Liverpool, the end was of the house remained painted white according to the custom of that city, indicating that the house had been engaged, and was waiting for its occupant—a circumstance which gave a possibility to the town-talk of its being the sometime residence of the fugitive President of the Southern Confederacy.

H.

SAVANNAH, May 14, 1865."

THE NEW PRESIDENT OF THE CONFEDERACY.—Now that Davis and Stephens have both "absconded," the Presidency of the Southern Confederacy devolves upon the Speaker of the rebel House of Congress, Thomas S. Bocock. Of Virginia, is the fortunate individual. He has not yet made his appearance to receive the oath of office, but is supposed, in anticipation of the event of his ascension, to be busily employed, in *retirement*, on his inaugural. Among the first documents submitted to his consideration will doubtless be certain official reports from generals Lee, Johnston and Taylor.

DEATH OF A PIONEER.—Wm. Conner, a pioneer of Wisconsin, aged over eighty-three years. He sided the United States in the Black Hawk war, and was rewarded by Gen. Jackson with a small United States flag. He kept it as long as he lived, and now it waves over his grave.

## General Intelligence.

A sensation was created in State street, New Haven, lately by a farmer, who was paying out silver quarters and half dollars for groc ries purchased. He said he wasn't going to keep United States specie hoarded away in stockings any longer, now that General Lee was cabbaged."

A negro was recently drawn as a juror in Providence, Rhode Island, and took his seat among the others. Hitherto it has been customary there when a negro has been drawn as juror, to intimate that he is not expected to serve. But now it seems that a different course is to be pursued in this matter.

The Elmira *Advertiser* says that on Saturday night one of the night express trains east overtook a deer on the track near Cameron. It was caught on the cow-catcher of the locomotive and the employees of the train secured it with rope after it broken. The railroad men like venison and therefore quickly disposed of the deer among themselves.

Kentucky is now almost entirely rid of guerrillas, and the Louisville *Democrat* hopes it will not be long before her citizens in the country will live in peace and happiness and without fear. Over in boys, for

"While the lamp holds out to burn
The vilest sinner may return."

The Louisville papers say there never was better order in the streets of that city among soldiers and civilians, than there has been during the past week.

The managers of the iron works at Troy have stopped work, and say they can not resume it except with a reduction of 50 per cent. on the wages.

The American Numismatic and Archæological Society of New York have in preparation a bronze medal designed to "commemorate the life and perpetuate the name of Abraham Lincoln." It will be three inches in diameter, and will bear on the obverse a bust of the President, and on the reverse an inscription.

A crowd gathered on the corner of Broadway and Franklin streets on last Friday, to see the carriage and harness to be presented to President Johnson. The harness is very heavy, and is ornamented with mountings in new and original designs, within either in old English in the center of a garter.

Telegraphic communication between New Orleans and the North will be re-opened by the 10th of June next. Lines are being restored to the Southern cities, and when the connection with New Orleans is effected, we shall have communication with every leading city in the south. Another bond of the old Union as it was!

A gentleman of Indianapolis, who had returned to the assessor an income of $5,000 per annum. He is said to have been troubled by conscience, and not long after hunted up the assessor, and added $15,000 more to his yearly income.

J. W. Mansen, of Bridgeport, Conn., is manufacturing an opera glass, charm and monogram combined, to be presented to Mrs. Lincoln. It is to be richly mounted with coral, pearls and diamonds. Thirteen diamonds representing the thirteen original thirty six pearls to represent the present number. Looking through the lens on one side is to be seen the photograph of the late President Lincoln. On the other side is seen in the form of a shield, the letters A. L. over which is a single star. Beneath is an appropriate motto.

## Personal.

Gen. Sheridan arrived in New York last Saturday, on his way to take command of the Department of Texas. He took rooms at the Fifth Avenue Hotel. He came and departed so quietly that very few knew of his presence. It was intended to offer him the hospitalities of the city, and a dinner was prepared for the occasion, but the information of his arrival came so late that he had no time to stay to accept the hospitalities. Several influential citizens visited him at the hotel.

Edward J. Roye, who, twenty years ago, was a teacher in Terre Haute, Indiana, has been appointed Chief Justice of Liberia, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Rev. Boston Drayton. It is said that Mr. Roye, in his younger days, was a dead-head on the New York, and brought by the present Chief Justice of the United States.

Governor Curtin, accompanied by Quartermaster General, Jas. S. Reynolds, arrived in Washington last Sunday, and has taken rooms at Willards. Instead of taking his position on the stand near the President's house, it is the intention of the Governor to have Pennsylvania flag and the stars and stripes from his room at the Willards, where he will be in readiness and to be seen by the Pennsylvania soldiers.

Movements are making to purchase an elegant mansion for Gen. Sherman in Cincinnati.

The *Courrèle Paris*, the grandson of Louis Philippe, and who with his brother, the Duke de Chartres, served in the Army of the Potomac a year, has written a letter to Senator Sumner, repudiating Mr. Sumner's attack on the death of President Lincoln. The letter is characteristic. In it is the remark that those who saw Mr. Lincoln during that period of national suffering could not but be impressed with the conviction of the Republic, will never forget his honest man, who, without personal ambition, always reflected the strong perception of his duties necessary to be filled emphatically a great citizen.

T. Buchanan Read, Esq., has accepted an invitation to read an original poem at the opening of the approaching Sanitary Fair in Chicago.

John H. Baxter, a lawyer, of Lima, Ohio, committed suicide by stabbing himself, and in jumping into the river, at Toledo, on the 15th inst.

It is a matter of publication in the papers that Robert Lincoln is to be married to a daughter of Secretary Harlan, and is going into the practice of the law in Chicago.

Dr. J. G. Holland (Timothy Titcomb) is in Springfield, Illinois, collecting information for his forthcoming life of Abraham Lincoln.

Bishop Stevens confirmed fifteen persons in the garden of the Evangelists, Philadelphia, on Monday evening last.

There is authority for stating that the report that Gen. Banks has been relieved in consequence of certain representations of a commission recently returned from New Orleans, or in consequence of any representations made about him by politicians, is untrue. The change is purely a military one for the best possible reasons, and we have the highest authority for asserting that Gen. Banks will welcome the order relieving him.

## Washington Topics and Gossip.

The Hon. John Covode, who has been taking a great interest in our prisoners, is here, and says that Secretary Stanton has ordered transportation for all our prisoners remaining in the South. Those at Jacksonville, Fla., the last of the Andersonville survivors, amounting to 700. The Surgeon General has sent two hospital boats for 200 of the worst cases.

The appointment of a Quaker as a Commissioner of Indian affairs, as urged by Representative Julian and others, is likely to be made. It is said that Senator Harlan inaugurated the idea before Congress adjourned, and now that he is Secretary of the Interior, desires to carry it into practice.

## The Millinery Trade—Paris Fashions.

One of the most remarkable features of the display in bonnets at Paris has been the shining appearance of multitudes of steel spangles and beads with which bonnets, hats and heads, to say nothing of paletots and dresses, were covered. This universal rage for steel is only rivalled by an equal display of gold and gilding, with which many ladies ornament their costumes. In short, everything glittering and showy and gaudy is now in high favor, and the most inconvenient and incongruous fashions seems to be those most delighted in.

The correspondent of the Philadelphia *North American* says that, as yet, the hideous shapes of the First Empire have not prevailed for bonnets. These continue for the present to be small, though consisting of little more than a flanchon, or half handkerchief, profusely trimmed with lace, flowers and beads. Birds' wings and feathers ornament these airy head dresses, and have become quite an important article of trade of late. Black tulle bonnets, spangled with silver or steel, are the order of the day—but the continuance of the heat has already discarded these and made way for white tulle, more cool, and paille de riz bonnets. These are trimmed in a variety of ways, but almost all have a light front with ends of tulle at the back, or a sort of floating veil of same material, which produces a very effect.

A variety of new materials have come out for the Spring and Summer, amidst which gauze de Chemberry retain their favor for evening costumes. Muslins are made up with scarfs of the same, and even with shawls trimmed with lace. The dresses are made immensely full at the bottom, but narrow over the hips; are much less trimmed at the lower part, and flowered vests, with basques or coat tails, are more than ever worn, with either silk or fancy materials. There never was in fact, a season when so much latitude was left to individual taste or fancy, so that fancy managed to create something new and eccentric. The same thing may be applied to the style of dressing the hair, which is fantastic as well as varied.

NEW SCHOOL PRESBYTERIAN G. A.—The New School Presbyterian Assembly have adopted the "overture" relative to disloyal churches and brethren, with the following clause stick on out:

"If they (the ministers) were justly chargeable with polygamy, debauchery, drunkenness or any other gross sin to the same extent, their gloriousness in the sight of God and their office would not in the least degree be greater than they

The question was taken on the adoption of the report as amended, and it was carried unanimously.

# OIL INTELLIGENCE

## Interesting Letter from Smith's Ferry.

## Activity in the Blairsville Regions.

## Prospects throughout the Country.

While there is no doubt the prevailing idea that the oil business is all profit is erroneous, there can be no disguising the fact that the profits are great beyond comparison with those of any business conducted on the same capital. The story floating through the newspapers that five thousand wells are now going down, or about to be bored, at an average cost of $4,000 each, making a total expenditure of $20,000,000 sounds like the truth. The fact is a large majority of the wells do not require but two-thirds of the sum mentioned to operate them, while very many are put down at about the one-third of $4,000. Very few wells cost $8,000, and the average cost of sinking these "five thousand wells," in the different oil regions of Pennsylvania, Ohio, West Virginia and Kentucky, will not exceed $25,000,000, or $5,000 each. In Ohio, Kentucky, and in some parts of Pennsylvania and West Virginia, petroleum is found in paying quantities at comparatively shallow depth, and the cost of sinking wells there is trifling, in comparison with that of some on Oil creek.

### Smith's Ferry Oil Region.

*To the Editor of the Commercial:*

Seeing something in almost every issue of your paper of the value of certain localities on account of discoveries of oil, I feel emboldened to ask space in which to recite some of the unquestionable merits of the Smith's Ferry region. Prospecting for oil commenced here more than four years ago, beginning prior to the breaking out of the southern rebellion. The results were very encouraging till the war took sounded the temporary death knell of every branch of business. Back-back and appalling war clouds, which would have completely tarnished European industry, seemed but to lash American energy into enterprises so extensive with the rebellion itself.

If, amid the smoke and ravages of war, the enterprise of our people has been preserved and improved, surely the writhings of rebellion in its death-throes will not check its advance. The bustle and activity, and scenes of derrick to be seen here attest that such is the feeling common among our citizens. On Smith's Ferry Run, which emmties into the Ohio at Sewickley, some nine wells have been sunk to the proper depth, with the most flattering success. There being not a single failure. The yield of these wells is from one to five barrels daily and most of them being flowing wells the expense attending the securing of the oil is very trifling. Those requiring the aid of pumps are attended to in less than an hour each day.

About the same number of wells are to be found at the village of Glasgow, which is a short distance from Smith's Ferry, on the right bank of the Ohio, and on the left bank of Little Beaver Creek, which empties into the Ohio at this point. Turning up this creek we find six banks dotted with derricks for a distance of more than five miles, and in its mouth. Three miles up this creek, where a few years ago nothing met the eye of the traveler save frowning hills, and an occasional log hut, is a village, where emigrants had made few footprints, and the hand of sojourners fewer improvements, are seven wells of great value, and a fine well was bored about two years ago, and has been yielding two barrels a day ever since. The second well was bored fourteen months ago, and has given an average of five barrels per day. A third well has been in operation six months, giving a yield of ten barrels a day. For this well its owners have refused fifty thousand dollars.

The expense incurred in putting a well down to the required depth is from $4,000 to $5,000, including four thousand dollars. The absolute loss in case of failure, which is not counted on, would be about two thousand dollars, as the engine and tools can be used for as much as they cost, as long as the demand overreaches the supply. These wells are usually bored about 1,000 feet, and the average life of each is 61 days, with a daily yield of the same character. No. 1 Lycock street near Federal street, Allegheny City, Pa. Postoffice address 61 days. H. T. PRICE & CO.

ROBERT ARTHURS. JOHN W. RIDDELL.

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SOLICITORS FOR

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Testimony of Competent Judges, (from Letters to the Publishers.)

[From Secretary.]

Transportation of many values have been received. They will be found highly prized not only for the accurate likeness of our lamented President, but for the fine engraving, and to add his testimony to the excellent qualities of the like execution.

[From Gen. Grant.]

I take pleasure in saying that I consider the likeness a good one, and to congratulate you upon the success of the engraving, and to add his testimony to the excellent qualities of the like execution.

[From Gen. Sherman.]

I think a portrait of the President is beyond all doubt the best, if not the only really true one yet produced.

[From E. Lee, the celebrated Historical Painter.]

I consider a portrait of our great and good President, as the best likeness I have ever seen of him.

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R. C. G. SPROUL,

my8-6d Attorney, No. 99 Fourth st.

OFFICE OF MONONGAHELA INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 98 Wood st. Pittsburgh, May 22, 1865.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE DOLLARS per share out of the profits of the last six months, free of Government tax. Two dollars per share to be applied to credit of Stock Account, and Three Dollars per share payable in cash on and after Monday, 29th inst.

my24 6t JOHN H. CLANEY, Sec'y.

LIME.—WE ARE NOW BURNING Lime from the celebrated Bellefonte Lime Quarries with wood. Our lime is from 98 to 99 per cent. pure lime, for which we hold a certificate of the same, furnished by the Agricultural College of Pennsylvania. To the white glass manufacturers his lime is especially recommended. Orders by mail will receive our prompt attention. Address SHORTRIDGE & CO.,

my23-1m Bellefonte, Pa.

## PROPOSALS

Will be received by the SHARPSBURG & LAWRENCEVILLE BRIDGE CO., until the 15th day of June, for repairing the piers belonging to said Company at Sharpsburg. For particulars see the undersigned at the office of Lewis, Bailey, Daizell & Co., Sharpsburg, or at No. 72 Water street, Pittsburgh, Pa., or address him at Sharpsburg, Allegheny county, Pa.

JAMES C. LEWIS, President.

my24-2dtd

## TO BRIDGE BUILDERS.

Plans and Proposals will be received by the SHARPSBURG & LAWRENCEVILLE BRIDGE CO. until the 2d of June, for erecting a Bridge over the Allegheny River, at Sharpsburg, Pa. For particulars see the undersigned at the office of Lewis, Bailey, Daizell & Co., Sharpsburg, Pa., or address him at Sharpsburg, Allegheny county, Pa.

JAMES C. LEWIS, President.

my24-4tm

## $1,000—A REWARD OF ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS will be given for the arrest and conviction of the person or persons, who on Wednesday night last set fire to the store of the Six Mile Ferry, occupied by us, and on Monday night last fired the Stable at the same place.

GEO. B. JONES & CO.

PITTSBURGH, May 23, 1865. H. B. HAYS & BRO. my24-1w

# OUR NEW CASTLE CORRESPONDENCE.

## A Thrifty Town and a Busy People—Reformed Presbyterian Synod, &c.

Special Correspondence of the Pitts. Commercial.

NEW CASTLE, May 24, 1865.

This town bears quite a resemblance to Pittsburgh. I do not mean, of course, that it approaches the Iron City in its magnitude or extent, but that, in its physical aspects, its geographical position, and its general surroundings, it looks like it on a reduced scale, somewhat as mamma's pet lying on her lap resembles herself. This town is built on a level valley, nearly surrounded by hills, the summits and slopes of which are dotted and beautified with neat dwellings. On either side of the town flows a river. These uniting immediately below, form a new river known by its own name. These physical features of the locality are all in fine proportion to each other.

As you enter the town, you notice that the streets, buildings, atmosphere and people have a Pittsburgh appearance. All indicate the presence of *bituminous industry*. In the evening, as I entered the town, just at the close of the working hours, the streets were thronged with men returning to their homes, or gathered around the neighborhood of the news depot, where the COMMERCIAL and other papers are sold. As I passed through the same streets in the morning, after working hours had commenced, they were comparatively empty, and the ascending columns of smoke, and the roar of machinery throughout the town, showed that the reading men of the evening were the working men of the day. This I take to be the ordinary appearance of things throughout the week, as there was nothing to give any visible peculiarity to the days that I have spent here.

The General Synod of the Reformed Presbyterian Church is in session here at this time, and in this transient feature of the day, the place is the counterpart of Pittsburgh, with its more numerous Ecclesiastical Assembly. The Synod is much smaller than the Assembly, but is like it nevertheless; embracing its liberal allowance of talent, aiming at the same benevolent ends, distinguished by a like harmony of feeling, actuated by the same impulses, and conducting its business with equal regard to principles and order.


## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PINEAPPLE CIDER.
PINEAPPLE CIDER.
PINEAPPLE CIDER.
Concentrated Pineapple Cider.
Concentrated Pineapple Cider.
A Preventative of Sickness.
A Preventative of Sickness.

To prevent sickness use as follows: add one teaspoonful of Pineapple Cider to a tumbler of cold water, and drink it before breakfast. Use in the morning, and the same before you retire at night. It will increase the strength and give vigor and action to the system. It never fails to relieve Nervous Tremors, wakefulness, disturbed sleep, &c., &c.

Sold by N. McCLARRAN & CO., Druggists, 85 Market street, corner Diamond, near Fifth street. myl8

ADAMS, M'KEE & CO.,

PITTSBURGH NOVELTY WORKS

Corner of Grant and First streets,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Fairbanks' Patent Platform & Counter

SCALES,

Jarvis Wood Patent Door Locks and Latches, Paint and Coffee Mills, Malleable Iron, &c. apl0

TO THE LADIES

MRS. M. A. TAYLOR

Opens THIS DAY, May 20th, a handsome assortment of *OPEN BONNETS, ROUND HATS, LADIES' AND MISSES' FLEECY HAT, AND A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF FRENCH NOTIONS.* 44 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY. my20-3t.

OIL TANKS, OF ALL SIZES,

Of hard and made to order, for Crude and Refined Oils; made of good dry plank shipped to any of the Oil Regions, put up and warranted to give satisfaction. Shop—No. 165 Lycock street near Federal street, Allegheny City, Pa. Postoffice address 61. H. T. PRICE & CO.

ROBERT ARTHURS. JOHN W. RIDDELL.

# ARTHURS & RIDDELL,

SOLICITORS FOR

## MILITARY AND NAVAL CLAIMS,

Office: No. 135 Fourth Street,

PITTSBURGH.

Arrears of Pay Bounties, Pensions for Loyal Soldiers or their Heirs, Prize Money, Commutation Money, Claims for Rations, and Extra Pay promptly collected. Rejected claims and cases where delay has occurred in securing the claims entrusted to us.

may 2 3aw m

## FROM RELIABLE STATISTICS,

It is ascertained that

Only Six out of Every 100 Business Men

Die Solvent.

GLOBE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO. ALL POLICIES Non-Forfeiting. F. WOODS, General Agent, PITTSBURGH, Pa. Office, 70 Fifth Street.

PLINY FREEMAN, Esq., Pres't, N. Y.

## A POLICY OF LIFE INSURANCE

Is a certain provision for every BUSINESS MAN for the sake, or for his wife and children in case of his death. myll 6m-law

PRESIDENT

# ABRAHAM LINCOLN

RITCHIE'S IMPERIAL

## STEEL PLATE ENGRAVING

OF OUR LATE PRESIDENT.

ONLY $1 50. SIZE 19 BY 24.

Also Gen. Grant & Gen. W. T. Sherman

Testimony of Competent Judges, (from Letters to the Publishers.)

[From Secretary.]

Transportation of many values have been received. They will be found highly prized not only for the accurate likeness of our lamented President, but for the fine engraving, and to add his testimony to the excellent qualities of the like execution.

[From Gen. Grant.]

I take pleasure in saying that I consider the likeness a good one, and to congratulate you upon the success of the engraving, and to add his testimony to the excellent qualities of the like execution.

[From Gen. Sherman.]

I think a portrait of the President is beyond all doubt the best, if not the only really true one yet produced.

[From E. Lee, the celebrated Historical Painter.]

I consider a portrait of our great and good President, as the best likeness I have ever seen of him.

## COPIES NOW READY

AT

# PITTOCK'S,

Opposite Postoffice.

my25

SALEM, OHIO.—

# ISAAC TRESCOTT,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of

## Books, Rags, Wall and Window Papers, Writing Paper, Stationery, etc.

Orders promptly executed. Agent for the PITTSBURGH DAILY COMMERCIAL. my22-1y

## FOR RENT—

A LARGE AND ELEGANT DWELLING, No. 99 Fourth st., in thorough repair. Possession given immediately. For terms, inquire of

R. C. G. SPROUL,

my8-6d Attorney, No. 99 Fourth st.

OFFICE OF MONONGAHELA INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 98 Wood st. Pittsburgh, May 22, 1865.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE DOLLARS per share out of the profits of the last six months, free of Government tax. Two dollars per share to be applied to credit of Stock Account, and Three Dollars per share payable in cash on and after Monday, 29th inst.

my24 6t JOHN H. CLANEY, Sec'y.

LIME.—WE ARE NOW BURNING Lime from the celebrated Bellefonte Lime Quarries with wood. Our lime is from 98 to 99 per cent. pure lime, for which we hold a certificate of the same, furnished by the Agricultural College of Pennsylvania. To the white glass manufacturers his lime is especially recommended. Orders by mail will receive our prompt attention. Address SHORTRIDGE & CO.,

my24-1m Bellefonte, Pa.

## PROPOSALS

Will be received by the SHARPSBURG & LAWRENCEVILLE BRIDGE CO., until the 15th day of June, for repairing the piers belonging to said Company at Sharpsburg. For particulars see the undersigned at the office of Lewis, Bailey, Daizell & Co., Sharpsburg, or at No. 72 Water street, Pittsburgh, Pa., or address him at Sharpsburg, Allegheny county, Pa.

JAMES C. LEWIS, President.

my24-2dtd

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JAMES C. LEWIS, President.

my24-4tm

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GEO. B. JONES & CO.

PITTSBURGH, May 23, 1865. H. B. HAYS & BRO. my24-1w

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Concentrated Pineapple Cider.
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A Preventative of Sickness.
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To prevent sickness use as follows: add one teaspoonful of Pineapple Cider to a tumbler of cold water, and drink it before breakfast. Use in the morning, and the same before you retire at night. It will increase the strength and give vigor and action to the system. It never fails to relieve Nervous Tremors, wakefulness, disturbed sleep, &c., &c.

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OIL TANKS, OF ALL SIZES,

Of hard and made to order, for Crude and Refined Oils; made of good dry plank shipped to any of the Oil Regions, put up and warranted to give satisfaction. Shop—No. 165 Lycock street near Federal street, Allegheny City, Pa. Postoffice address 61. H. T. PRICE & CO.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

U. S. 7-30 LOAN.

THIRD NATIONAL BANK

OF PITTSBURGH,

(Corner of Wood street and Virgin Alley.)

Financial Agent of the United States,

AND

SPECIAL AGENT OF JAY COOKE, U. S. AGENT FOR THE SALE OF THE

Seven-Thirty Loan.

The Popular Loan of the People

AND

THE ONLY LOAN IN THE MARKET,

Convertible into

U. S. Five-Twenty Six per Cent

Gold Bearing Bonds.

LIBERAL COMMISSIONS

ALLOWED TO BANKS AND BANKERS

mh29-tf JNO. B. LIVINGSTON, Cashier.

TREASURY DEP

# The Daily Commercial

### THOUGHTS ON SPRING.

Nature, reviving, smiles once more,
And casts aside her wintry dress;
And now in joy begins to pour
O'er all the earth her loveliness.

Fair snowdrops deck the earth again;
The golden crocus greets the sky;
And shades that silent long have lain
Resound with sweetest melody.

The daisy's hue blooms brightest now,
Beneath the sun's more genial rays;
The springing flower and budding bough
Are fraught with hope of summer days.

Thus even thus with human life:
At first, 'tis like the early Spring;
Budding and beauteous hopes are rife
With joys the Summer days will bring.

But brightest Summer days will end;
For Autumn, too, must surely come;
Autumn will into Winter wend,
And winter pass us home!

Though hope and beauty gild our Spring!
Though bright our Summer rays,
If Autumn shows no fruit—'twill bring
But gloomy Winter days.

And gloomier still must be our home
When Winter days are o'er;
No Autumn fruits, no joys can come,
But sorrow evermore.

## CITY MATTERS,

☞For additional Notices see first page.

PARDONED PENNSYLVANIANS AT ANNAPOLIS.—The following pardoned Pennsylvania prisoners, from Florida and South Carolina, arrived at Annapolis, Md., last week:—Surgeon John B. Ascheorn, D. 9th cav; Sergeants—James S. Perkins, H. 2d cav; Henry W. Boner, F. 184th; D. Baughman, K. 103d; Jam s D. Baker, C. 7th cav; John E. Cochran, D. 72d; W. Fox, B. 145th; H. H. Foster, F. 6th cavalry; Henry Gallagher, G. 77th; David F. Gurist, B. 28th; James E. Gowing, K. 8th Cav; William Johnson, A. 29th; James Marshall, B. 146th; P. D. Nelsone, D. 40th cav; John B. Moorehead, D. 102d; F. F. Martin, B. 73d; William Johnson, C. 14th Cav; David Pritchard, A. 96th; Fred. Spencer, D. 9th Cav; D. E. Robbins, D. 11th; T. J. Sos e, K. 126th; H. K. Sommer, I. 145th; Jacob Sites A. 77th; John Stewart, G. 72d; W. S. Farrows, K. 46th; John Walter, B. 166th; J. W. Wireman, 15th cavalry. Quartermasters, Sergeant James F. Boyes, C. 16th Cav; hospital steward C. H. Jacob, 75th; Corporals—S. Banford, D. 87th; Henry W. Boner, F. 184th; D. Baughman, K. 103d; James D. Baker, C. 7th cav; John E. Cochran, D. 72d; W. Fox, B. 145th; H. H. Foster, F. 6th cavalry; Henry Gallagher, G. 77th; David F. Gurist, B. 28th; James E. Gowing, K. 8th Cav; William Johnson, A. 29th; James Marshall, B. 146th; P. D. Nelsone, D. 40th cav; John B. Moorehead, D. 102d; F. F. Martin, B. 73d; William Johnson, C. 14th Cav; David Pritchard, A. 96th; Fred. Spencer, D. 9th Cav; D. E. Robbins, D. 11th; T. J. Sos e, K. 126th; H. K. Sommer, I. 145th; Jacob Sites A. 77th; John Stewart, G. 72d; W. S. Farrows, K. 46th; John Walter, B. 166th; J. W. Wireman, 15th cavalry. Quartermasters, Sergeant James F. Boyes, C. 16th Cav; hospital steward C. H. Jacob, 75th; Corporals—S. Banford, D. 87th; Fred. Spencer, D. 9th Cav; Thomas P. Duman, D. 9th Cav., and Stephen Fay, B. 109th.

SHOOTING AFFRAY.—Yesterday morning a shooting affray occurred at the boarding house of Mrs Davidson, on Penn street, near the Point, between a discharged soldier named Abraham Thayer and a young man named Ryan, familiarly known as "Patty," which resulted in Thayer being shot in the fleshy part of right arm. Soon after the shooting Ryan was arrested and taken to the Mayor's office, where he was locked up for a hearing, and a physician sent for, who dressed Thayer's wound. Ryan alleges that two men named Campbell and Canby attacked him on Tuesday, and annoyed him so much that he was compelled to enter a fight against them, but they still pursued him for the purpose of whipping him. Yesterday morning Campbell and Thayer went to Mrs. Davidson's house, where he boarded, to see him about the suit, when he told them to keep away from the house. They then threatened to cut him open," when he drew a revolver, and said he would shoot either of them if they attempted to enter the house. Thayer stepped towards him as if intending to make an attack, when Ryan fired at him, the ball taking effect in his arm. Thayer is a one armed soldier, and was discharged from the hospital a short time ago. The wound is a very painful one, and the ball has not yet been extracted. Acting Mayor Butler held Ryan to bail on a charge of assault and battery with intent to kill.

THE ALLEGHENY LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.—This Society was organized on Tuesday night, when the following officers were elected to serve for the ensuing year: President—Hon. Jas. L. Graham. Vice President—Robert Ashworth Secretary—Alex. Leggate. Corresponding Secretary—N. Veeder. Treasurer—J. N. Davidson. Directors—Messrs. R. B. Francis, John Dalzell, Jr., A. H. English, Samuel Riddle, A. D. Smith, James McMillen and W. A. Prelps, Allen—Messrs. William Semple, Robert H. Ellon, and Captain W. W. Martin.

The Anderson Library, which embraces about five thousand volumes, has been placed at the disposal of the Association, and the large room in the second story of the new City Hall devoted to its use. The membership of the Association already embraces a large number of prominent citizens, and an effort will be made to render the library one of the best in the State. In compliance with the request of Col. Anderson, the donor of the Anderson library, the appropriate books of the city will have the use of the books free of charge.

IMPROVEMENT.—The paving of the sidewalk on Federal street, Allegheny, in front of the new City Hall, has been completed, and the workmen are now engaged in raising the pavement on Ohio street, so as to conform with the new grade. Inside shutters have been laced on the winoows of the hall, which will add much to the utility and beauty of the building. It is propose that the unoccupied grounds in the Diamond be ornamented during the coming season, and plans of the contemplated improvement will probably be presented to the City Councils at their next meeting. The Third Ward square, which is not occupied by buildings, presents an exceedingly barren appearance, and should be graded and fenced without delay.

MILITARY AND NAVAL CLAIMS.—Now that the war is virtually over, and our brave soldiers and sailors are on their return home from victorious battle fields, from camps and from hospitals, there may be many who have unadjusted claims against the Government. The attention of all such is directed to the card of Messrs. Arthurs & Bidwell, Solicitors for Military and Naval Claims, who se office will be found at 135 Fourth street. These gentlemen have been eminently successful in the collection and settlement of claims upon the Government, and possess such arrangements as enable them to transact all business entrusted to them with unusual promptness.

[DISORDERLY.—A discharged soldier named Lanahan, was arrested yesterday on a charge of disorderly conduct. At the hearing before Acting Mayor Butler it appeared that Lanahan and his wife occupied a room in a tenement house in the Third Ward, and as they were both addicted to drinking they quarrelled frequently, and disturbed the peace of the neighborhood. The case was settled by Lanahan paying the costs and promising to vacate the house.


IRA B. M'VAY & CO.,
BANKERS,
N. E. Corner Fourth and Smithfield sts.,

HAVE ALL DENOMINATIONS of the 7 30 Notes constantly on hand for IMMEDIATE DELIVERY.

All classes of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES bought and sold at market rates. A full assortment of INTERNAL REVENUE STAMPS for sale.
ap26-1m

PIG LEAD—500 PIGS LEAD just received from the Linden Mines, Wisconsin, from which I will receive supplies weekly. Being very soft and pure it is well suited for Glass and White Lead manufacturers' use. For sale by WM. BAGALEY,
apr26-d 57 Wood street.

WALL PAPER—
New, cheap and handsome, for sale at No. 107 Market street, near Fifth street.
ap26 TOS. H. HUGHES & BRO.

EAGLE TANNERY,
CHARLES KIEFER,
Manufacturer and Dealer in all kinds of LEATHER, such as oak-tanned harness, bridle, skirting and slaughter sole Leather, waxed upper, tips and lace skins. The highest price paid for all kinds of Leather in rough, for green hides and calf skins, and sheepskins, tan bark. Office, 56 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
ap27

THE GREAT
STEINWAY PIANOS,
A splendid stock of STEINWAY'S PIANOS on hand and received,
H. KLEBER & BRO.,
122 Wood Street,
mh28-eod Sole agents for Steinway's Pianos.

J. C. HATTERN,
(Successor to George W. Weyman.)
DRUGGIST,
Corner Third and Smithfield streets
oct26-1y-eod

GLOVES AND MITTENS,
FUR, KID, BUCK and other
Gloves and Mittens,
In full stock, at
B. H. PALMER'S,
ap26 84 Wood street.

PRODUCE—
96 bls. Green App
4 " Pinneed
200 " Eggs
200 bls. Buckwheat Flour, in store and for sale by
J. H. DILWORTH & CO.
ap26 No. 110 and 112 Second street.

20 HHDS. PRIME P. R. SUGAR.
15 bbls. prime Cuba Sugar.
80 bbls. assorted brands Syrup; together with a full assortment of goods in our line. For sale by
GEO. B. JONES & CO.,
ap26 141 and 143 Water street.


## SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞FOR MORE THAN TWENTY YEARS Cashmore's Venetian HAIR DYE has stood the test of trial, and is constantly increasing in popularity.

The VENETIAN HAIR DYE is the best and cheapest made. Its price is only 75 Cents, and each bottle contains double the quantity of dye in those usually sold for $1.

THIS HAIR DYE is manufactured by a peculiar process which renders it infinitely superior to any dye in the market. Being complete in one bottle, no extra wash is required, which greatly simplifies the application.

IN USING THIS DYE, you avoid that RUSTY, DEAD appearance by which dyed hair and whiskers are so readily recognized, when an inferior article has been used, as it produces a perfectly natural color of any shade that is desired, from a rich brown to a jet y lustrous black, that will not smut, crock or rub off. Try it. Invest 75 cents and you will be convinced. Sold by all Druggists and Fancy Good Dealers. A. I. MATHEWS, Manufacturer,
Depot 355 BARNES & CO., New York, Wholesale Agents.
ap19

☞THE FRIENDS OF CAPT. JAC. F. SLAGLE announce that he will be a candidate for District Attorney, subject to the nomination of the Convention of June 6th 1865. myl5-tde

☞LIEUT. SAMUEL HARPER, of the 139th regt., Co. B, from Lower St. Clair township, will be a candidate for nomination to the State Legislature, subject to the decision of the Union County convention. my5-tde

☞FOR MEMBER OF THE LEGISLATURE—BILLINGS G. HILDS, Pittsburgh. Subject to nomination of Union County Convention my 7-tde

☞FOR TREASURER, Col. J. B. KIDDOO, Pittsburgh, subject to decision of Union County Convention. my17-te

☞FOR THE LEGISLATURE.—Col. JOHN A. DANKS will be a candidate for nomination for Representative to the State Legislature, before the Union County Convention, of June 6th. my15-te —HALER TOWNSHIP

☞DISTRICT ATTORNEY.—I will be a candidate for the office of DISTRICT ATTORNEY, subject to the nomination of the next Union County Convention. ALEX. M. WATSON.
ap24-te

☞DAVID AIKEN, JR., WILL BE A candidate for renomination to the office of County Treasurer before the Union County Convention, which meets June 6th 1865. my13-dawjde

NOTICE TO ALL DELINQUENT CORPORATIONS ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAW OF THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Notice is hereby given to all companies incorporated by or under any law of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and organized at any time prior to the first monday of November, 1861, that have failed to make report to the Auditor General under the act approved April 21, 1858, and the act approved April 30 1861, that they are required to report to the Auditor General forthwith as by law required.

In case a dividend has been declared the Treasurer will report, under oath, the amount of capital and the dividend declared, and rate per cent. of each dividend during the year ending the 1st Monday of November, 1864, a day appointed a year or years in which the company may have had an existence; and in case no dividend has been declared during the year or years ending as aforesaid, then an assessment of the cash value of the stock as existed between the first and fifth days of November, must be made by the President or Treasurer, and a majority of the Directors, under oath. When an appeals must be made before valuation, also to state at what time the company was organized.

In addition to the above reports under the act of April 8, companies not paying a tax on tonnage are required to make a separate report, and report on the line of the State of the amount of net earnings or income received during the period from April 30 to November 1, 1864, in accordance with the second section of the act approved April 30, 1864.

COMPANIES INCORPORATED BY OTHER STATES and doing business in this Commonwealth are notified that they are made subject to the tax on gross earnings or incomes under the second section of the act of April 30 1864, and are required to report to the Auditor General the amounts of such net earnings or income received between the 30th of April and the 1st of November, 1864.

All delinquent companies incorporated by or under any law of the State of Pennsylvania will be afforded a reasonable time in which to make the several reports required by law, and above enumerated; but continued neglect or refusal will on just cause for forfeiture of charter under the second proviso of the second section of the act of April 30 1864, which is in the following words:

Provided further, That any corporation which has failed or do make returns to the Commonwealth as required by the act, of April 21, A. D. 1858, entitled "An act for the better securing to the Commonwealth the payment of taxes due by the incorporated companies" may make such return within sixty days after the passage of this act, and the law in this behalf shall be construed as standing; and all delinquent companies failing or refusing to make full returns and payment to the State as required by the several laws of this Commonwealth in relation thereto, shall have all their rights and privileges declared forfeited by proclamation from the Governor.

ISAAC SLENKER,
W. H. KEMBLE,
State Treasurer.
HARRISBURG, May 10, 1865.—myl0-1m

## MEDICAL.

GEO. W. WHITE, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office corner of Montgomery avenue and Sandusky st., ALLEGHENY CITY.
Formerly occupied by Dr. Bayer. ap20-1m

PARK & BRILL,
(Successors to J. P. Fleming,)
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS,
Perfumeries, Toilet Articles and Fancy Goods Generally,
ALSO, A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
White Lead, Paints, Oils, Varnishes,
Glass, Dye Stuffs, &c.
Purchasers will always find prices satisfactory.
No. 77 Federal Street,
Third door below R. R. Depot.
ALLEGHENY CITY
ap22-1y

J. BENDER & CO.,
NO. 141, COR. OF LIBERTY AND WAYNE STS offer for sale Lindsay's Improved Blood Searcher, Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, Brown's Bronchial Troches, Carpenter's Cough Cure, Ramsom's Hive Syrup and Tolu, Sozodont, Seiler's Cough Syrup, Carbonate Ammonia, Extract Calabria Licorice, Extract Logwood. de6

## INSURANCE.

MANUFACTURERS' AND MERCHANTS' INSURANCE COMPANY, OF PITTSBURGH.
Office: 87 Water st., Bagaley's building
J. H. BENNETT, President.
J. W. CHALFANT, Vice President.
WM. P. JONES, Secretary.
INSURES AGAINST LOSS BY FIRE.
Insures Steamboats and Cargoes,
And on property in transit against the perils of navigation.
DIRECTORS:
JAMES I. BENNETT, JOHN WATT, JOHN E. PARKE, CHAS. S. BISSELL, JOHN F. KIRKPATRICK, JOHN GLYDE, WM. PHILLIPS, President. JOHN WATT, Vice President. WM. P. GARDNER, Secretary. A. E. W. PAINTER, J. W. CHALFANT, ISAIAH DICKEY, WM. WALKER, R. G. BUSHNELL, JOHN WILSON, HENRY A. WEAVER.

WESTERN INSURANCE CO.,
OF PITTSBURGH.
R. MILLER, JR., PRESIDENT.
WM. P. HERBERT, SECRETARY.
Office, No. 92 Water street, Spang, Chalfant's & Co warehouse, up stairs, Pittsburgh.
Will insure against all kinds of fire and marine risks. Its organization, managed by directors who are well known in the community, and who are determined, by prompt ness and liberality, to maintain the character which they have assumed, as offering the best protection to those who desire to be insured

DIRECTORS.
R. Miller, Jr. James McAuley, Nathaniel Holmes, Alex. Nimick, George Darsie, Campbell R. Herron, C. W. Dickerson, Andrew Ackley, Alexander Speer, David M. Long, Reed A. Thomas, Charles J. Clarke, John R. McCune.
fe24-1y

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK.
FREDERICK S. WINSTON, President.

| | |
|---|---|
| Assets, July 1st, 1864 | $12,000,000 |
| Annual Income, over | 2,000,000 |
| Paid claims by death, (20 years,) over | 5,000,000 |
| Surplus divided during five years—1859–'62, three millions of dollars, being about seventy per cent. on Participating Premiums. | |

*References in Pittsburgh*—Hon. Thos. M. Howe, Jas. B. Lyon, Geo. R. White, Jas. A. Hutchison, Florence Kramer, John D. Scully, Thos. H. Lazo, Willis Boothe, B. L. Fahnestock, Isaac M. Peacock, John H. Ehbert, Wm. W. Ward, F. H. Eaton, J. D. McCord, Wm. E. Schmertz, W. M. Shinn, W. Vankirk, M. Whitmore.
*Medical Examiner*—W. A. HALLOCK, M. D.
GEORGE M. BLACKSTOCK, Agent,
my2-1y 77 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

ALLEGHENY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH.—Office, No. 37 Fifth street Bank Block.
Insures against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks.
ISAAC JONES, President.
JOHN D. McCORD, Vice President.
D. M. ROOK, Secretary.
Captain WM. DEAN, General Agent.
Directors.

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| Isaac Jones, | John D. McCord, |
| C. C. Russell, | Captain Adam Jacobs |
| Harvey Childs, | R. R. Sterling, |
| Captain R. C. Gray, | Captain Wm. Dean, |
| John Jawin, Jr. | R. L. McGrew, |
| B. L. Fahnestock, | Robert H. Davis. |
| feb1y | |

MANHATTAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF NEW YORK.
ACCUMULATION.....$1,600,000
HENRY STOKES, President.
Y. WEMPLE, Secretary.
This Company grants Policies on more favorable terms than any other. Call and see
H. L. RINGWALT, Agent,
je30-1y-eod No. 67 Fourth street.

PEOPLE'S INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH.
Office, N. E. corner Wood and Fifth streets, second floor.
Insures Against Loss or Damage by Fire on Dwellings, Stores and other buildings; Furniture, Household Goods and Stock of Merchandise.
Insures Marine and Inland Risks on Steamboats and Freight at as liberal rates as are consistent with security.
Losses promptly adjusted and paid.
Directors:

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| Chas. S. Bissell, | Jas. D. Verner, |
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WM. PHILLIPS, President.
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WM. P. GARDNER, Secretary.
se7

JONES, BOYD & CO.,
Manufacturers of all kin of
STEEL
oct-tf cor. Ross and Second street Pittsburgh.

## AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE,
FIFTH STREET, NEAR WOOD.
LESSEE AND MANAGER.....WM. HENDERSON.
Third night of the engagement of
MISS JULIA DALY,
Who will appear in the characters, songs and dances THURSDAY EVENING, May 25th, 1865, the amusing farce entitled
THE FOOL OF THE FAMILY.
Sally.....Miss Julia Daly.
Overture.....Orchestra.
To be followed by
IN AND OUT OF PLACE.
Six characters, songs and dances.....Miss Julia Daly
Overture.....Orchestra.
To conclude with
MR. AND MRS. PETER WHITE.
Monday, May 29th M., and mrs. CHAS. KEAN will appear, assisted by Miss Chapman, Mr. Calhearn and Mr. Forrest. Seats can now be secured.

CONCERT HALL.
POSITIVELY THE LAST WEEK.
OPEN EVERY NIGHT
And Every Afternoon this Week,
THE GREAT
MILTONIAN TABLEAUX
OF
PARADISE LOST!
Completely illustrating Milton's Great Poem and carrying out his idea of
Heaven, Hell, Chaos and Paradise.
Tickets, 25 cents. Children's Afternoons 15 cts.
A. B. MORRISON, Proprietor and Manager.
L. FISHER, Agent.
my23-3d

CITY BILL POSTER.
JAMES THACKREY,
160 Pennsylvania avenue.
Merchants and others wishing large or small show bills posted in conspicuous places in this city, Allegheny and Birmingham, will be promptly attended to leaving their orders at the "Commercial" office. I rent by the year the principal corners in the city and have the exclusive use of the same. my20-1y

## ATTORNEYS

BUTTERFIELD, GAZZAM & CO.,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
*FRANKLIN, PA.*
(M'MASTER, GAZZAM & CO., Pittsburgh.)
Legal business promptly attended to in Western Pennsylvania Eastern Ohio, and West Virginia.
REFERENCES—Lockhart & Frew, Robt. Woods, Esq., Pittsburgh; Hon. Garrick Mallery, Philadelphia; Hon. Morrow B. Lowry, Erie. my6

G. M. M'MASTER.....J. M. GAZZAM.....J. R. BUTTERFIELD.

M'MASTER, GAZZAM & CO.
ATTORNEYS,
For the collection of Claims against the Government.
Office: 98 Grant street.
*PITTSBURGH, PENNA*
Pension, Bounty, Arrears of Pay, loss of Horses, Prize Money, and all other claims before the Departments promptly attended to and information given at all times. No charge made until the claim is collected. Late of the State of Pennsylvania and late Auditor General's Accounts adjusted. my9

H. C. MACKRELL.....S. A. JOHNSON
MACKRELL & JOHNSON,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW AND U. S. LICENSED SOLDIERS' CLAIM AGENTS.
Bounties for wounded Soldiers collected in from ten to twenty days.
Office: No. 89 Grant street.
*PITTSBURGH, PA.*
☞Call with Discharge and two witnesses. ly28

JNO. H. HAMPTON.....W. C. MCRELAND
HAMPTON & MORELAND,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
NO. 93 DIAMOND STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA

## MEDICAL.

COUGHS! COUGHS!!
TRY STRICKLAND'S
MELLIFLUOUS COUGH BALSAM
DR. STRICKLAND'S MELLIFLUOUS Cough Balsam is warranted to cure Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Consumption and all affections of the Throat and Lungs.

DIARRHŒA.
All the medical men and the press recommend DR. STRICKLAND'S ANTI-CHOLERA MIXTURE as the only certain remedy for Diarrhœa and Dysentery. It is a combination of Astringents, Anodynes, Stimulants, and Carminatives, and is warranted to effect a cure after all other means have failed.

PILE REMEDY.
DR. STRICKLAND'S PILE REMEDY has cured thousands of the worst cases of Blind and Bleeding Piles. It gives immediate relief, and effects a permanent cure. Try it directly. It is warranted to cure.

TONIC.
We can recommend those suffering with loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Nervousness and Nervous Debility, to use Strickland's Tonic. It is a vegetable preparation, free from alcoholic liquors it strengthens the whole nervous system; it creates a good appetite, and is warranted to cure Dyspepsia and Nervous Debility.
For sale by Druggists generally, and by
PARK & BRILL,
Wholesale Agents, No. 77 Federal St.
ALLEGHENY CITY.
And by
R. E. SELLERS & CO.,
Wholesale Agents for Pittsburgh, Pa.,
Corner Wood and Second streets.
Prepared by Dr. A. Strickland, 6 East Fourth st., Cincinnati, Ohio. nov14-y

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES
DR. CHEESEMAN'S
FEMALE REGULATING
PILLS
The combination of ingredients in these Pills is the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and cannot do harm to the most delicate; certain in correcting all irregularities. Painful Menstruation, removing all obstructions, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pains in the side, palpitation of the heart, whites, all nervous affections, hysterics, fatigue, pain in the back and limbs, &c., disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature.
DR. CHEESEMAN'S Pills was the commencement of a new era in the treatment of irregularities and obstructions which have consigned to manly to a premature grave. No female can enjoy good health unless she is regular, and whenever an obstruction takes place the general health begins to decline. These Pills form the finest preparation ever put forward with unparalleled and persistent success. Don't be deceived. Take this advertisement to your Druggist, and tell him that you want the best and most reliable female medicine in the world, which is comprised in these Pills.
Dr. CHEESEMAN'S Pills have been a Standard Remedy for over thirty years, and are the most effectual one ever known for all complaints peculiar to females. To all classes they are invaluable, inducing, with certainty, periodical regularity. They are known throughout the country, having the sanction of some of the most eminent Physicians in America.
Explicit directions, stating when they should not be used, with each Box—the Price One Dollar per Box or 6 Boxes for $5, containing from 5 to 60 Pills.
Pills sent by mail, promptly, secure from observation, by remitting to the Agent. Sold by Druggists generally.
HUTCHINGS & HILLYER, Proprietors,
81 Cedar street, New York.
Sold in Pittsburgh by JOSEPH FLEMING, corner Market street and the Diamond, near Fourth. nov20

BARRY & BROTHER,
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS,
(No. 294 Second Floor,)
Corner of Seventh and Liberty streets, Pittsburgh.
jy22-1y

SAM'L. M. WICKERSHAM,
METAL BROKER,
No. 134 FIRST STR
Agent for the sale of Cornwall Fir Metal.

INDELIBLE STAMPING INK
FOR
Banks, Railroads, Merchants, and Manufacturers,
For sale by
W. S. HAVEN,
Stationer and Printer, cor. Wood and Third sts,
mh27

RICHARDSON, HARLEY & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AND
Wholesale Dealers in Petroleum and its Products,
COR. WOOD STREET AND VIRGIN ALLEY
*PITTSBURGH, PA.*
Liberal cash advance on consignments to Pittsburgh and Eastern markets sep7

LAND SCRIP FOR SALE.
750,000 ACRES.
The subscriber will receive bids for the Land Scrip granted to Pennsylvania by Act of Congress of 1862, to be opened at the office of the Surveyor General in Harrisburg, June 1st 1865. No bids of less than 75 cents per acre will be considered.
FORM OF BIDS.—"I will take ——— pieces of Scrip (80 acres each, at ——— cents an acre."
Signed with full name and residence, and marked outside "Bids for Land Scrip."
PAYMENTS.—One-fourth ten days after notice of award, and balance on delivery of scrip, thirty days after award.
For further information or a circular, address
WM. H. ALLEN,
State Agent for sale of Land Scrip,
Agricultural College, Centre county, Pa.
May 17, 1865.—m23-2aw

## WANTED.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS ASSISTANT BOOK-KEEPER or SALESMAN, by a young man of morality and industrious habits. Write a fair hand. Address T. J., No. 60 Federal st., Allegheny City, Pa. my25-2t

WANTED—A SITUATION—As Superintendent of Oil Wells, or Oil Interests, or contracts for sinking Oil Wells. Good references can be given. Address Box 83, Freeport, Pa. 25-1t

TO BARBERS.
WANTED, A GOOD BARBER,
to go to Oil City. Wages $14 per week and board ing. For further particulars address
FRANCIS ECKERT,
my24-6t Oil City, Pa.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS SHIPPING CLERK or BOOK-KEEPER, by a young man late in Government service and honorably discharged. Address BEN. HOUSE,
Care of John Way, Jr., Sewickleyville, Pa.
my 9-1w

WANTED—AGENTS—To sell WILSON'S new SEWING MACHINE, on a monthly salary, or commission.
For terms and particulars address
LATHROP & CO., General Agents,
142 South Sixth street, Philadelphia, Pa.
my18-2w

DRY GOODS.

NEW GOODS,
ARRIVING DAILY.
A LARGE STOCK OF
DELAINES,
DRESS GOODS,
CHALLIS,
BLACK SILKS,
SUMMER SHAWLS,
BLACK THIBET SHAWLS,
BALMORAL SKIRTS,
CORSETS,
CLOAKING CLOTHS,
KENTUCKY JEANS,
CASSIMERES,
Misses' HATS and CAPS,
BONNETS,
RIBBONS,
FLOWERS,
SUN UMBRELLAS,
GLOVES,
COTTON HOSE,
LINEN HANKERCHIEFS, &c., &c.,
At Prices as Low as can be found anywhere.

WHOLESALE DEALERS
Are invited to call and examine our Stock,
AT
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,
Nos. 180 and 182 Federal street,
my16 ALLEGHENY.

WILL BE OPEN
ON
MONDAY,
THE STORE OF
J. M. BURCHFIELD,
No. 72, N. E. Cor. Fourth and Market Sts.
Having been closed the last few days, taking stock, will
OPEN ON MONDAY,
WITH A
COMPLETE STOCK
OF
DRY GOODS,
AT LOW PRICES.
my22
SUMMER UNDERWEAR,

JOSEPH HORNE & CO.,
Have just opened a full line of
Gauze and Gossamer Vests and Drawers,
FOR GENTLEMEN, AT LOWEST PRICES.
Also, a full stock
SUMMER UNDER GARMENTS,
FOR LADIES, CHILDREN AND BOYS, AT
77 and 79 Market street.

LACE GOODS,
Just opened—
REAL LACE EMPRESS COLLARS.
REAL LACE HANDKERCHIEFS.
IMITATION LACE HDKFS.
REAL THREAD LACE VEILS.
REAL LACE BARBES.
These goods we offer at real bargains.
JOSEPH HORNE & CO.,
77 and 79 Market street.
my19

BARGAINS
IN DRY GOODS,
AT
GARDNER & SCHLEITER'S,
92
Market street.

2 CASES BLEACHED MUSLINS, at 12½ cts. per yard.
5 BALES FINE BROWN MUSLINS, at 15 cents per yard.
YARD WIDE BLEACH MUSLINS, at 20 cts. per yard.
DRESS GOODS, at 12½ cents.
EXTRA BLACK SILKS, at $1 50.
SILK SACQUES, at $12 00 to $75 00.
SUMMER SHAWLS, at $2 50.
BEST KID GLOVES, at $1 75. my9

T. C. JENKINS,
COMMISSION MERCHANT AND PURCHASING AGENT,
No. 239 Liberty street, opposite Wood,
*PITTSBURGH, PA.*
Dealer in Flour, Grain, Seeds, Cheese, Butter, Fruits, and all Farm Products.
Best brands Family Flour always on hand.
Also, REFINED OILS.
Prompt attention given to Consignments and Correspondence.
WEEKLY PRICE CURRENTS sent to consignors.
☞Orders and Consignments solicited. fe1

COCHRAN & RUSSELL,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
and Dealers in
Crude and Petroleum Oils and Naval Stores.
Liberal advances made on consignments.
se28 239 North Front street, Philadelphia, Pa.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

TREASURER'S OFFICE, ALLEGHENY CO., PA.,
PITTSBURGH, April 21st, 1865.
IN PURSUANCE OF THE 21st Section of an Act relating to Allegheny county, passed May 28th, 1858, I, David Aiken, Jr., Treasurer of said county, hereby give notice that I will personally or by deputy attend for the purpose of receiving taxes in the several Wards, Boroughs, Townships and Precincts of said county, at the place of holding general elections therein respectively on the following days, from 10 o'clock a. m. until 3 o'clock p. m., to wit:
First Ward Pittsburgh; First Ward, Allegheny; East Birmingham, Sharpsburg and Elizabeth Boroughs; Elizabeth Township, south Fayette, Snowden, Penn, Marshall, Ross and Fawn Townships.
ON MONDAY, MAY 22d.
Second Ward, Pittsburgh; Second Ward, Allegheny; South Pittsburgh; West Elizabeth and Duquesne Boroughs; Forward, Upper St. Clair, Baldwin, Franklin, M'Candless, Penn and Harrison Townships.
ON TUESDAY, MAY 23d.
Third Ward, Pittsburgh; First Precinct Third Ward, Allegheny; Monongahela and Tarentum Boroughs; Wood, Scott, Lower St. Clair, Jefferson, Patton, Sewickley, Pine and Reserve Townships.
ON WEDNESDAY, MAY 24th.
Fourth Ward, Pittsburgh; Sixth Ward, Pittsburgh; Second Precinct, Fifth Ward, Allegheny; West Pittsburgh, Sewickley and Manchester Boroughs; Findlay, Union, Versailles, Mifflin, Wilkins, Richland and East Deer Townships.
ON THURSDAY, MAY 25th.
First Precinct, Fifth Ward, Pittsburgh; Seventh Ward Pittsburgh; Ninth Ward, Pittsburgh; Fifth Precinct, Fourth Ward, Allegheny; First Precinct, Birmingham; First Ward, Lawrenceville, and St. Keesport Boroughs; North, Fayette, Chartiers, Liberty, Collins, Ohio, Hampton and West Deer Townships
ON FRIDAY, MAY 26th.
Second Precinct, Fifth Ward, Pittsburgh; Eighth Ward Pittsburgh; Tenth Ward, Pittsburgh; Second Precinct, Fourth Ward, Allegheny; second Precinct Birmingham; Second Ward, Lawrenceville and Temperanceville Boroughs; Robinson, Pitt, Peebles, M'Clure, Reserve and Indiana Townships.
ON SATURDAY, MAY 27th.
Taxes can be paid at the Treasurer's office, within three months from the date fixed in the foregoing districts subject to FIVE PER CENT. DISCOUNT for prompt payment to any person paying the whole amount of their taxes. ap24

CARPETS.
We are receiving by
STEAMER AUSTRALASIAN
A large assortment of the celebrated Crossley
ENGLISH BRUSSELS
AND RUGS,
Imported by ourselves, including
NEW AND BEAUTIFUL DESIGNS,
never before in this city.
Having bought gold at the present low rates we offer these and our entire stock of
AMERICAN BRUSSELS,
INGRAIN CARPETS,
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS, &c.,
At the lowest rates to be found in the market.
OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO.,
23 Fifth street.
ap2

SOMETHING NEW.
Metal Hydrometers,
That will not break or get out of order,
FOR TESTING CARBON OIL.
Having succeeded, by dint of close study and application, in producing a Hydrometer in metal for testing Carbon Oils, we respectfully offer it to the attention of dealers and those engaged in refining, as an article that will not break or get out of order; the adjustment being so simple that any one may readily understand it. To those constantly using this instrument it will be found a great boon as an article that has long been inquired after, and which needs only to be seen to be appreciated.
For sale by the Manufacturer.
GEO. E. SHAW,
No. 58 Fifth street.
Every kind of HYDROMETER and THERMOMETER known, constantly on hand or made to order. mh11

JENNINGS & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
IMPROVED BORING TOOLS,
FOR OIL AND SALT WELLS.
No. 220 Rebecca street, Allegheny, Pa.
TOOLS WARRANTED MADE OF BEST QUALITY JUNIATA AND LOW MOOR IRON.
Parties dealing with us can be furnished with an entire outfit for boring wells.
Orders addressed through Pittsburgh Post Office will receive prompt attention. mh31-6m

COPYING PRESSES.
COPYING BOOKS AND BRUSHES.
ENVELOPES.
PAPERS of every description.
And a large supply of STATIONERY,
FOR SALE BY
W. S. HAVEN,
PRINTER AND STATINER,
apll corner of Wood and Third streets.

NOTICE!
The Public are hereby notified that so much of the Channel of the Allegheny River,
As runs between the second and fourth piers from the Pittsburgh end of the Railroad bridge, now being rebuilt by the Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railway Company, over that river, between Pittsburgh and Allegheny, will be
NECESSARILY OBSTRUCTED
During the time of putting up the new superstructure of the bridge, probably for about three months from the eighteenth of May, A. D. 1865.
H. A. GARDNER,
my16-2w Chief Engineer.

AUCTION SALE OF CONDEMNED HORSES.
QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON CITY, April 26, 1865.
Will be sold, at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the time and places named below, viz:
BALTIMORE, Maryland, THURSDAY, May 4th, 1865.
CARLISLE, Pennsylvania, THURSDAY, May 18th, 1865.
WILMINGTON, Delaware, THURSDAY, May 18th, 1865.
PITTSBURGH, Pennsylvania, FRIDAY, May 26th, 1865.
TWO HUNDRED CAVALRY HORSES, at each place.
These horses have been condemned as unfit for the Cavalry service of the Army.
For road and farming purposes many good bargains may be had
Horses sold singly. Sales to commence at 10 a. m. Terms cash in United States currency.
JAMES A. ERIN,
Brevet Brigadier General, in charge First Division Q. M. G. O.

JOS. S. FINCH RYE WHISKY.
JOSEPH S. FINCH
Successor to
THOMAS MOORE,
Manufacturer of
Copper-Distilled
Pure Rye Whisky,
Nos. 189, 191, 193 and 195
FIRST STREET,
*PITTSBURGH.*
ma30-6m

BANKER'S CASES.
Pocket Books,
Money Books,
Photograph Albums,
Gold Pens, superior quality,
Gold & Silver Pen Cases & Molders,
Plain and Fancy Inkstands,
Plain and Fancy Paper Weights,
Letter Paper,
Note Paper,
Cap Paper,
Bill Paper,
STATIONERY in great variety, and of the

The Daily Commercial

SEVENTY-SEVENTH

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

OF THE

Presbyterian Church in the United States.

**Report of Committee on the Success of Our Arms and the Death of Prest. Lincoln.**

**Report of Board of Domestic Missions.**

**Missionary Efforts Needed at the South**

**Report of the Freedmen Committees.**

## SIXTH DAY.

MORNING SESSION.

WEDNESDAY, 9 A M.

The Assembly spent half an hour in devotional exercises, the Moderator, Rev. Dr. Lowrie, presiding. Prayers were offered by Rev. Thomas S. Vail, E. M. Hus[illegible], M.D., and others.

The singing was impressive. The following verse of Psalm 116 was sung with especial fervor and harmony:

"How happy all thy servants are,
How great thy grace to me;
The life which thou hast made thy care,
Lord, I devote to thee!"

The country, its Chief Magistrate, and all its officers were fervently commended to God, in nearly every one of the prayers.

The minutes of yesterday were read and approved.

The Committee on Commissions reported that George P. Story, Esq., has presented his commission to take his seat as a Commissioner from the Presbytery of St. Louis.

A communication was received from the Rev. D. X. Junkin, of Chicago, informing the Assembly that neither he nor his alternate can attend the General Assembly of the United Presbyterian Church, and suggesting the names of several brethren who might easily represent the General Assembly. This was referred to the Committee upon Correspondence with other bodies.

The second order of the day was by consent allowed precedence to the first. It was the report of the Special Committee upon the success of the national arms and the death of the nation's President.

Rev. F. Senour, the Chairman of this Committee, reported four resolutions, as follows:

The committee appointed to prepare a paper expressing the views of this General Assembly concerning the triumph of our national arms, and the overthrow of the rebellion, also our deepest sorrow in reference to the death of Abraham Lincoln, late President of the United States, respectfully submit the following paper:

Four years ago, when the General Assembly of our church was in session, in the city of Philadelphia, we beheld with awe the mighty movement thousands of our fellow citizens preparing to meet each other in the field of deadly conflict. Since that period, and on more than one occasion, we have seen the loyal people of this great nation bathed in tears and covered with mourning, while from the midst of these sorrows have heard them crying mightily unto Him. The career of glory that has hitherto marked our progress as a nation has been suddenly arrested, and our national life was threatened. Principles which we loved, which were purchased by the blood of our fathers, and which we hoped to transmit to our children, were in jeopardy. Our grand old Temple of Liberty had been assailed by a portion of the people whom it had sheltered, and they boasted that they would raze every eleven of its columns, and would tear away others, until the whole fabric should fall to pieces. The loyal people of the country resolved to restore the broken down columns, and for this purpose have spent millions of treasure, and sacrificed thousands of their noblest citizens. Our prayers, tears and and sacrifices have not been in vain. To day we are permitted to rejoice, that, God has given success to the arms of our nation—that the great rebellion against the Republic has been overthrown—that treason everywhere is hiding its face, and that the system of human slavery, in the interest of which the rebellion originated, and which has existed for years in our midst, has perished in the house and by the hands of its friends. But our rejoicing over the triumph of our nation has been mingled with sorrow. Yea, with the deepest grief, occasioned by the assassination of Abraham Lincoln, the late President of the United States. In view of these general statements, therefore,

*Resolved*, 1. That we render most devout thanksgiving to the God of battles for the valor of our soldiers and sailors, and for the success which He has been pleased to give to our National armies—for the defeat and capture of the principal insurgent armies—for planting the flag of our country over nearly all the revolted States, and for the well grounded hope that the life of the nation shall be preserved—that the great principles set forth in the Declaration of Independence, for which our fathers fought, shall be handed down to future generations—for sending the loyal States rejoicing, during the progress of the rebellion, and for the prospect of lasting peace, founded upon righteousness.

*Resolved*, 2. That this Assembly hereby expresses its gratitude to God for the gift of Abraham Lincoln to our nation during the critical and important period of his Presidency—for the eminent qualifications for the position to which he was called—for his prudence, penetration, forbearance, firmness and meekness—for his honesty of purpose, patriotism and philanthropy—for the act that will make him known as the emancipator of the oppressed race, and for the confidence which he seemed at all times, to repose in God, for the success of our cause.

*Resolved*, 3. That while we pronounce the assassination of President Lincoln to be a crime unparalleled in its atrocity and the malignity of its spirit, we feel called to mourn his untimely calamity which has fallen upon our country, and which has excited almost universal sorrow, the sad manifestations of which fill our hearts filled with the deepest grief, would bow in humble submission to the Divine will.

*Resolved*, 4. That we affectionately commend the afflicted family of our late martyred President to the consolations and grace of God and while we pray for them, we would ask, of our most fervent prayers to the Lord in behalf of all who have been bereaved, and for the President of the United States so suddenly called to his high office, and for all who are in authority in our land, that they may "do justly, love mercy, and walk humbly with God;" especially would we pray that the effusion of blood, which we have witnessed for four years, may be followed by a general and lasting baptism of the Holy Ghost sent down from Heaven.

F. SENOUR, Chairman of Committee.

Thereupon, the Committee upon the report of the Board of Domestic Missions presented its report through the chairman, Rev. Dr. J. C. Lord. The following is an abstract of the Board's report:

**Abstract of Report of Domestic Missions for the Year ending March 1, 1865.**

In presenting the sixty-third annual report, praise is given to the great Head of the Church for the means of success which He has graciously vouchsafed, in the management of the momentous affairs committed to our keeping. Amid the war which still afflicts our bleeding land, we have been permitted to enlarge our operations, and occupy new fields in the vast regions, which, day by day, open upon an astonished world. A few only of our missionaries have been disturbed by the alarms of war. By some the storm swept, and though fearful while it lasted, it has left a wide and more extended field in which to labor. These, on one occasion, we have seen the loyal people of this great nation bathed in tears and covered with mourning, while from the midst of these sorrows have heard them crying mightily unto Him. The career of glory that has hitherto marked our progress as a nation has been suddenly arrested, and our national life was threatened. Principles which we loved, which were purchased by the blood of our fathers, and which we hoped to transmit to our children, were in jeopardy. Our grand old Temple of Liberty had been assailed by a portion of the people whom it had sheltered, and they boasted that they would raze every eleven of its columns, and would tear away others, until the whole fabric should fall to pieces. The loyal people of the country resolved to restore the broken down columns, and for this purpose have spent millions of treasure, and sacrificed thousands of their noblest citizens. Our prayers, tears and and sacrifices have not been in vain. To day we are permitted to rejoice, that, God has given success to the arms of our nation—that the great rebellion against the Republic has been overthrown—that treason everywhere is hiding its face, and that the system of human slavery, in the interest of which the rebellion originated, and which has existed for years in our midst, has perished in the house and by the hands of its friends. But our rejoicing over the triumph of our nation has been mingled with sorrow. Yea, with the deepest grief, occasioned by the assassination of Abraham Lincoln, the late President of the United States. In view of these general statements, therefore,

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*Resolved*, 2. That this Assembly hereby expresses its gratitude to God for the gift of Abraham Lincoln to our nation during the critical and important period of his Presidency—for the eminent qualifications for the position to which he was called—for his prudence, penetration, forbearance, firmness and meekness—for his honesty of purpose, patriotism and philanthropy—for the act that will make him known as the emancipator of the oppressed race, and for the confidence which he seemed at all times, to repose in God, for the success of our cause.

*Resolved*, 3. That while we pronounce the assassination of President Lincoln to be a crime unparalleled in its atrocity and the malignity of its spirit, we feel called to mourn his untimely calamity which has fallen upon our country, and which has excited almost universal sorrow, the sad manifestations of which fill our hearts filled with the deepest grief, would bow in humble submission to the Divine will.

*Resolved*, 4. That we affectionately commend the afflicted family of our late martyred President to the consolations and grace of God and while we pray for them, we would ask, of our most fervent prayers to the Lord in behalf of all who have been bereaved, and for the President of the United States so suddenly called to his high office, and for all who are in authority in our land, that they may "do justly, love mercy, and walk humbly with God;" especially would we pray that the effusion of blood, which we have witnessed for four years, may be followed by a general and lasting baptism of the Holy Ghost sent down from Heaven.

F. SENOUR, Chairman of Committee.

Thereupon, the Committee upon the report of the Board of Domestic Missions presented its report through the chairman, Rev. Dr. J. C. Lord. The following is an abstract of the Board's report:

**Abstract of Report of Domestic Missions for the Year ending March 1, 1865.**

In presenting the sixty-third annual report, praise is given to the great Head of the Church for the means of success which He has graciously vouchsafed, in the management of the momentous affairs committed to our keeping. Amid the war which still afflicts our bleeding land, we have been permitted to enlarge our operations, and occupy new fields in the vast regions, which, day by day, open upon an astonished world. A few only of our missionaries have been disturbed by the alarms of war. By some the storm swept, and though fearful while it lasted, it has left a wide and more extended field in which to labor. These individual donations a decrease of $3,533. The most pleasing fact revealed by these statistics is the total increase from the churches; on these must we or be our main reliance. The legacies of the sainted dead, and the offerings of large hearted individuals, must, of necessity, vary in amount, ever changing circumstances of human life.

The interests of the Church, and the future of our country, require her people to be educated in this respect. It is the steadily increasing flow of the small rills—the pittance of the poor, as well as the more princely offerings of the wealthy—which makes the river of God, which is full of water.

THE DEMAND FOR MISSIONARIES.

The requisitions of the past year have not been met. Few fields could have been entered, new territories secured, and our church been represented on the advance of that great tide of population which rolls across the continent. But we cannot furnish all who are needed, nor can we give the full tale of brick without straw. The churches must not be unreasonable, nor feel surprise, that fields of promise, which have been presented to our notice, have not been entered. The Board cannot increase the number of ministers, nor say to this man go, and he goeth. The demand is already ahead of the supply, and if this be in the green tree, what shall it be in the dry.

CONCLUSION.

The past year has been one of mercy. We welcash to maturing claim promptly. We were [illegible] increase the allowance of our mission [illegible]—in many cases largely. We close with a bala[illegible] was relatively large; but surely it is small [illegible] in which work before us. In the fathers [illegible] of the mis[illegible] pleasant [illegible] as the sports of our [illegible] then made [illegible] in the increase given to their toil. Although all speak unanimously. The Ismail of the blessed be God, has not prevented blessings on their mission day—souls have been converted—our very earthups have seen Pentecostal seasons, and the churches at home have been strengthened by the work among the soldiers. Day of gladness are upon us. God's Spirit and providence seem to say, Open thy mouth wide and I will fill it. For the seed shall be prosperous—the vine shall give her fruit, and the ground shall give her increase, and the heavens shall give their dew, and I will cause the remnant of this people to possess all things.

What then? If thou altogether holdest thy peace at this time, then shall enlargement and deliverance arise from another place; and who knoweth whether thou art come to the kingdom for such a time as this? It is a solemn honor to live now—in the crisis of the world's history. The promises are travailing, but the corresponding responsibility is great. God forbid that our beloved Church should hesitate and falter now. The sacrifice of the Church is followed by crowns. There is that scattereth and yet increaseth. And then the Scripture consequence is that withholdeth more than is meet, and tendeth to poverty. This is no time for discouragement. The Lord of Hosts will be with us, casting down imaginative and lofty barriers—opening new paths, preparing to new fields of conquest. The wheels of His chariot are shaking the nations—every effort and sacrifice in this cause hastens the day when the land shall be His, and glory shall dwell in our land.

TREASURER'S REPORT.

Samuel D. Powell, Treasurer, in account with the Board of Domestic Missions of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in the United States.

DR.

| | |
|---|---|
| March 1, 1864. To balance in the Treasury at date | |
| February 28, 1865. To cash received from March 1, 1864, to date, from Churches, individuals and legacies | $38,376 89<br>101,372 43 |
| | $139,669 32 |

CR.

| | |
|---|---|
| February 28. By cash paid this year (including investments) | 115,793 10 |
| Balance | $23,876 22 |

S. D. POWELL, Treasurer.

PHILADELPHIA, March 1, 1865.

The undersigned, having examined the accounts of Samuel D. Powell, Treasurer of the Board of Domestic Missions, and compared the different items with the vouchers, find the foregoing correct, and the balance in the Treasury at Philadelphia a balance of twenty-three thousand nine hundred and fifty dollars and twenty-two cents, $23,950 22.

JAMES RUSSELL, } Auditors.
JOHN M. HARPER, }

PHILADELPHIA, March 1, 1865.

Upon this report the Committee recommended the adoption of the following resolutions:

In the wisdom of the Board's conduct or its affairs and acting in accordance with the signs of the times, your Committee is exercised:

1. Thankfulness for the success of the past year, and the evident need of *men* even more than of means.

2. Approving the action of the Board in granting twenty-five per cent. additional to the missionaries during the past monetary year.

3. The Assembly direct prompt measures of organizing and building up the Presbyterian congregations in the Southern States.

4. That none be approved as missionaries but those who give satisfactory evidence that they are decidedly loyal to the United States, sympathize with the Presbyterian Church in the United States of America, in its deliverances and doctrines, and loyally uphold freedom.

5. That special efforts be made by the Board to evangelize and gather into the church, the colored population.

6. That the extended field, and the increasing demand for pious and loyal ministers, each be earnestly recommended to direct the attention of young men to the field.

7. Suggesting plans for the instruction of the millions of freedmen with the establishment of normal schools for the purpose to be located at Pittsburgh, Pa.

8. Approving the records of the Board.

The Rev. Dr. Wilson, in his report Rev. Dr. Lord made a long speech mainly on the want of missionary effort among the poor whites at the South, and the great success that has attended and therefore sent there should be loyal men. He quoted from a tract published in the South the following extracts which justifies assassination:

The title of this tract is as follows:

"Evangelical Tract Society, Petersburg, Va. 1854. Cheap for the Country and our Servants. Exposed by Rev. J. B. Howell, D. D., Raleigh. Raleigh *Register* Steam Power Press, 1863."

EXTRACTS FROM THE ABOLITION TRACT OF 1854.

"And is spirit will not have reached the height which the exigency demands until we have triumphed in the insidious notions of military chieftains, and have come to the conviction that the enemy by any and every means that God has put in our power. We are not aiming to display our skill in tactics and military science, but we are battling for a home and for a national existence. We are not aiming to display our skill in tactics and military science, but we are battling for a home and for a national existence. We are not aiming to display our skill in tactics and military science, but we are battling for a home and for a national existence. We are a people, worthy to possess and able to defend the institutions of our fathers. What is left for us to do now but the foe is vanquished, provided it is done? Because we have no weapons of the most approved workmanship, are we to still and devour our self-overrun, and our wives and children driven from their homes, while we have in our hands other weapons that can equally do the work of death? Are we to sit still and pray for a miracle, a technical rules of scientific warfare? Are we to sacrifice our country to military *pundits*? Are we to sacrifice our freedom. We must be prepared to extemporise expedients. We must cease to be clearly either about our weapons, or the technicalities of using them."

Rev. Mr. Janeway, Secretary of the Board, was invited to and did address the Assembly at some length on the same subject.

Rev. Dr. Breckenridge also spoke upon the subject of reclaiming the churches in the South. Rev. Dr. Wilson followed with some remarks upon the same subject, explanatory of the course suggested by the Committee to restore the people of the south to the fold of Christ, particularly the Presbyterian fold. Rev. Dr. Lowrie, the moderator, also spoke to the speakers. The latter moved to substitute the word "congregations" in place of "churches" in the resolution to restore and re-establish the churches organized in the South. This and other small amendments were accepted.

Rev. Mr. Allen, of Tennessee, drew an eloquent and effective sketch of the spiritual desolation in the South, and with admirable force and fitness of illustration depicted the several classes in the South, and the difficulties of missionary effort among them will have to encounter.

Rev. Dr. Buell, of California, spoke at length, relating anecdotes of his own experience in the Southern States, and talked a great deal about Union.

Rev. Mr. Adams, of Connecticut, ably advocated the claims of New England as needing the work of this Board.

The Preamble and first resolution was on motion adopted. The rest of the report was laid over and unfinished business.

The Committee on Correspondence reported as delegates to the United Presbyterian Church now in session at Xenia, Rev. J. Black, Alternate, Principal, and Rev. E. L. Belden, Alternate.

The report was adopted. Rev. Dr. Green, from the Judicial Committee, reported Judicial case number six. Appeal of L. R. Lockwood, against the synod of Iowa, and recommended that the parties have leave to withdraw the papers. Carried; also on Judicial case. No. 7, Complaint of the session of the First Church, Charleston, S.C., in the Case of R. P. Farris against the Synod of Missouri.

These two latter cases being substantially alike, the Committee report that there be no action of the Synod but only a decision of the Moderator that was complained was in order and that the parties have leave to withdraw the papers. Carried.

Rev. Dr. Martin gave notice that he protests against the Assembly's dismissing his memorial yesterday without a hearing.

The hour of recess, 12½ P. M. having arrived, the Assembly adjourned.

Closed with prayer by Rev. D. J. Waller.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

WEDNESDAY, May 24, 3 p. m.

The Assembly was opened with prayer, after which, the committee to report on the reports of the Freedmen's Committees through the chairman, Dr. Craven, reported as follows:

The committee to whom were referred the reports of the committees for the education of Freedmen report,

They have had placed in their hands the reports of both these committees, and also a tabulated statement of their accounts of money received and disbursed. They have examined the same and recommend their approval to the Assembly.

They have also carefully examined the reports of the committees, and have listened to statements from members there of and other gentlemen who have been engaged in the great work committed to their supervision.

Several important questions presented themselves to the attention of your committee, upon which after mature deliberation they were enabled to arrive at unanimous conclusions.

The first of these questions was—should the Assembly continue to conduct its operations by an agency or agencies distinct from existing boards? In view of the vast fields suddenly opened to the church by the emancipation of millions of our race, from bondage, and the peculiar nature of the work to be performed by them, in a great measure, indeed, the term may be said now consigned by three of our Boards, and yet in some respects diverse therefrom—your Committee are unanimously and decidedly of the opinion that a separate agency should be employed, temporary in its character, to be continued only so long as in the judgment of the Assembly, the exigencies of the work may require.

The second question that presented itself, was—how the work be conducted as at present by two distinct agencies, or by one Central Committee. In view of the superior efficiency of our Committee, arising from unity of action and greater comprehensiveness of view, and also the greater economy of such a Committee—your Committee decided to recommend our Central Committee be empowered to employ two superintendents, one being in charge of the Eastern, and the other of the Western field.

Two other papers were placed in the hands of your committee, the one an overture from the presbytery of Leavenworth, in reference to the establishment of a school (of a Normal and Theological character) in connection with the existing Western Committee, the other a memorial in reference to the establishment of the Lincoln Memorial College.*

Whilst your Committee fully recognize the importance of the institutions as are contemplated in these papers, and especially the importance of giving Theological training to the recognized but ignorant ministry of the Freedmen, and whilst in reference to the last named overture they recognize the deep obligation of the country and the African race to the late lamented and beloved President, and the propriety of perpetuating his name in such a monument as is contemplated by his memory, they are not prepared to recommend to the Assembly any immediate and definite action on the subject. The character of the higher institutions to be established must in a great measure depend on the success of the Freedmen Institutes, and the